



## 1. Dynamic torque-vector control



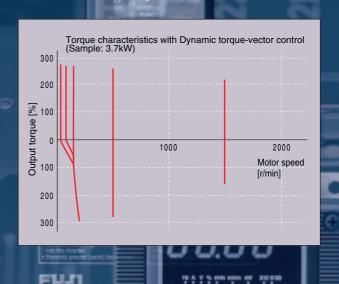
Dynamic torque-vector control system performs high-speed calculation to determine the required motor power for the load status. Our key technology is optimal control of voltage and current vectors for maximum output torque.

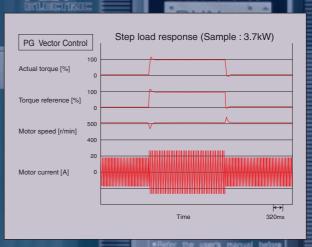
- A high starting torque of 200% at 0.5Hz.\*
   \* 180% for 30kW or larger models.
- Achieves smooth acceleration/ deceleration in the shortest time for the load condition.
- Using a high-speed CPU quickly responds to an abrupt load change, detects the regenerated power to control the deceleration time. This automatic decerelation function greatly reduces the inverter tripping.
- Feedback control with PG
   Enables the inverter to execute "vector control with PG" by adding an optional PG feedback card to obtain higher performance.

• Speed control range : 1:1200

• Speed control accuracy : ±0.02%

Speed control response: 40Hz

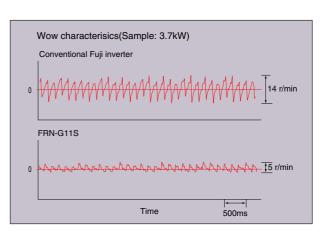




# 2. Reduced motor wow at low speed



Motor wow at low speed (1Hz) reduced to less than 1/2 of that achieved by conventional inverters, with the dynamic torque-vector control system, in combination with the Fuji's unique digital AVR.



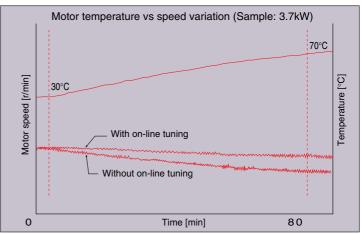


# G11S/P11S

## 3. New on-line tuning system



- On-line tuning to continuously check for variation of motor characteristics during running for high-precision speed control.
- This tuning function also available for a second motor, which allows high-precision driving of the second motor by changeover operation between two motors.

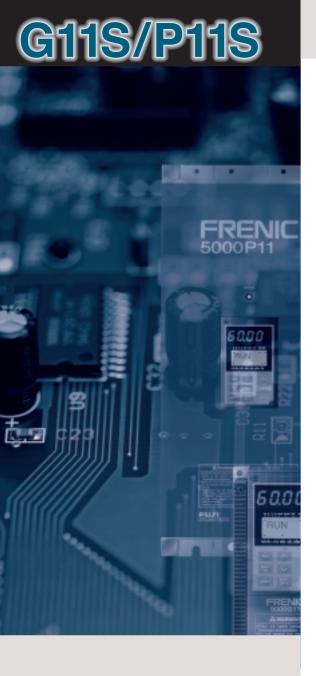


## 4. Environment-friendly features



- Provided with low-noise control power supply systems which minimize noise interference on peripheral devices such as sensors.
- Equipped with terminals for connecting DC REACTOR that can suppress harmonics.
  - Complied with EMC Directive (Emission) when connected to optional EMCcompliance filter.





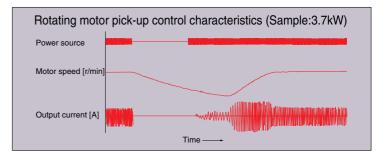


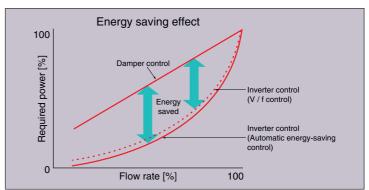


# 5. Advanced, convenient functions



- 16-step speed with timer control, rotating motor pick-up control for conveyance machinery
- Automatic energy-saving operation, PID control, cooling fan on/off control, line/inverter changeover operation for fans and pumps
- Rotating motor pick-up control: Restarts motor without any shocks, by detecting motor speed where motor is coasting after momentary power failure occurs.
- Automatic energy-saving operation function:
   Minimizes inverter and motor loss at light load.





# 6. Global products, communication



- Conforms to major world safety standards: UL, cUL, TÜV (up to 22kW), EN (CE marking)
- Equipped with RS-485 interface as standard.
- Connection to field bus: PROFIBUS-DP, Interbus-S, DeviceNet, Modbus Plus (Option)
- Universal DI/DO: Monitors digital I/O signal status and transmits to a host controller, helping to simplify factory automation.



- Use the contents of this catalog only for selecting product types and models. When using a product, read the Instruction Manual beforehand to use the product correctly.
- 2. Products introduced in this catalog have not been designed or manufactured for such applications in a system or equipment that will affect human bodies or lives. Customers, who want to use the products introduced in this catalog for special systems or devices such as for atomic-energy control, aerospace use, medical use, and traffic control, are requested to consult the Fuji's Sales Division. Customers are requested to prepare safety measures when they apply the products introduced in this catalog to such systems or facilities that will affect human lives or cause severe damage to property if the products become faulty.



## 7. Intelligent Keypad panel



- Copy function: Easily copies function codes and data to other inverters.
- Six languages (English, French, German, Italian, Spanish, and Japanese) are available as standard.
- Jogging (inching) operation from the Keypad or external signal
- Remote operation using optional extension cable (CBIII-10R-



# 8. Protective functions, Maintenance



## **Protection**

- Motors with various characteristics can be used by setting thermal time constant for the electronic thermal overload protection.
- Input phase loss protective function protects the inverter from damage caused by disconnection of power supply lines.
- Motor is protected with a PTC thermistor.
- Input terminals for auxiliary control power supply (1.5kW or larger models): Alarm signal output will be held even if main circuit power supply has shut down.

## **Excellent maintainability**

The items below can be monitored on the Keypad panel and making it easy to analyze the cause of trip and to take preventive measures.

- Input/output terminals check
- Life expectancy of main-circuit capacitors
- Inverter on-load factor
- Accumlated operation time
- Inverter operating condition (output current, heat sink temperature, input power, etc.)
- Detailed data on trip cause

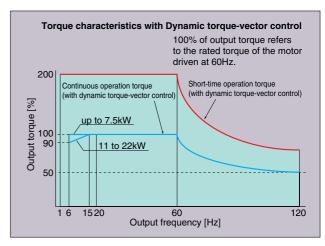
## 9. Extensive product line



- Two series are available: G11S series ranging from 0.2 to 630kW for general industrial machines and P11S series ranging from 5.5 to 710kW for fans and pumps.
- Totally-enclosed casing (IP40) (up to 22kW as standard).
- Optional IP20 enclosure available for 30kW or larger models.
- Water-proof models(IP65 for 7.5kW or smaller, IP54 for 11 to 22kW) as a separate series (available soon).

## 10. Other useful functions

- Side-by-side mounting (up to 22kW) saves space when inverters are installed in a panel.
- The uniform height (260mm) of products (up to 7.5kW) makes it easy to design panels.
- User-definable control terminals: Digital input (9 points), transistor output (4points), and relay contact output (1point).
- Active drive feature: Performs prolonged acceleration at reduced torque, monitoring the load status to prevent tripping.
- Stall prevention function is provided as standard. Active or inactive can be also selected.

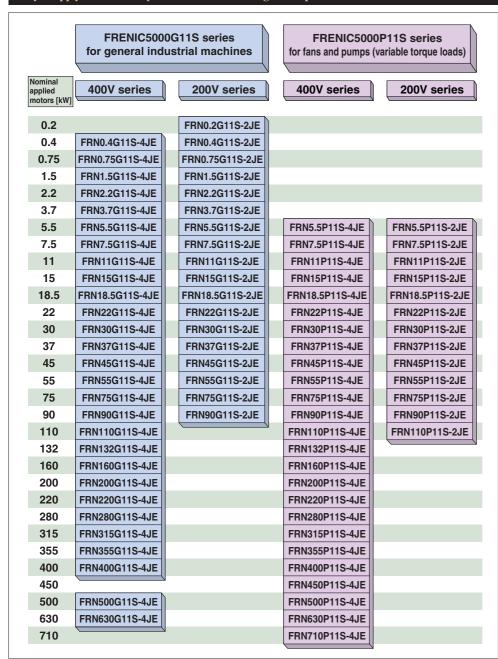


\* The above graph shows an example of torque characteristics when combining FRENIC5000G11S (up to 22kW at dynamic torque-vector control) with Fuji standard three-phase motor (8-type series, 4 poles). Continuous operation torque is for limits of allowable load torque for using the motor within the allowable temperature range and is not for motor output torque.

The motor output torque is shown by the short-time operation torque.



## Easy to apply to customer systems. A consistent design concept in all models from 0.2kW to 710kW.



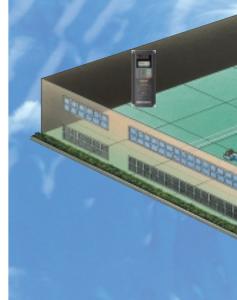
## How to read the model number

		Code	Applicatio	n range	_		
		G	General inc	dustrial machines			
Code Se	ries name	P	Fans and p	oumps	Code	Protective	structure
FRN FF	ENIC 5000 series	1			S	Standard	Code Version JE JE
	FRN	0	.4 (	G 11 3	<u>S</u> -	4	<u>JE</u>
Code	Nominal applied mo	tors [kw]				Code	Input power source
<b>Code</b> 0.2	Nominal applied mo	tors [kw]	Code	Developed inver	ter serie		Input power source Three-phase 400V
	• •	tors [kw]	Code	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ter serie		<u> </u>
0.2	0.2kW	tors [kw]		Developed inver	ter serie	s 4	Three-phase 400V
0.2 0.4	0.2kW 0.4kW	tors [kw]	Code	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ter serie	s 4	Three-phase 400V
0.2 0.4 0.75	0.2kW 0.4kW 0.75kW	tors [kw]	Code	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ter serie	s 4	Three-phase 400V

# FRENIC 5000G1 all industrial pla

## **Fans**

- Air-conditioning system (for factory, building, office, hospital, clean room, shop, and cattle barn)
- Dryer
- Boiler fan
- Fans for controlling furnace temperature
- Roof fans controlled as a group
- Refrigerator
- Compressor
- Built-in blower in a filmmanufacturing machine
- Cooling-tower fans
- Ventilating fans
- Air-conditioning equipment



## **Food processing machines**

- Food mixing machine
- Food slicer
- Grain milling machine (bread, cake, noodles)
- Tea making machine
- Rice cleaning machine



# 1S/P11S can be used for almost int and equipment areas.

## **Machine tools**

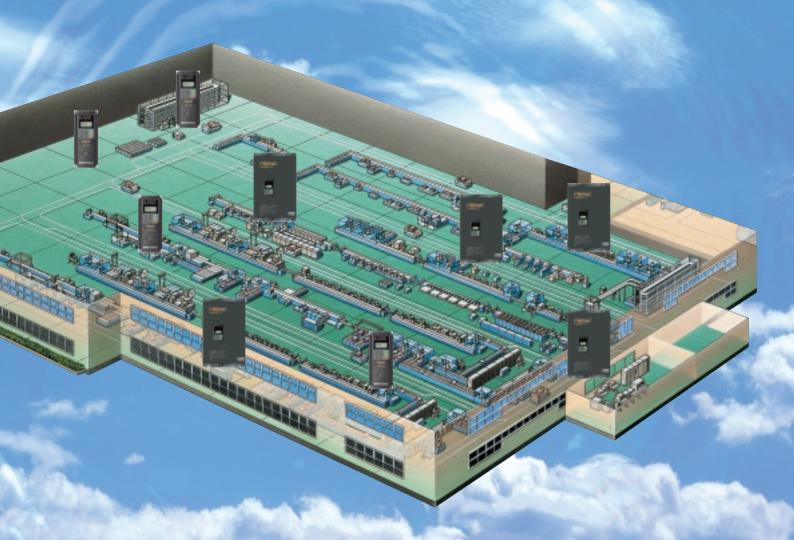
- Grinding machine
- Sanding machine
- Milling machine
- Lathe
- Drilling machine
- Turntable
- Work positioning machine
- PC board drilling machine
- Winding machine
- Press

## **Conveyance machinery**

- Crane (traveling, traversing, hoisting)
- Automated warehouse
- Conveyor (belt, chain, screw, roller)
- Lift
- Car parking facility
- Elevator, escalator
- Automatic door
- Shutter equipment
- Speed-change gear

## Chemical machinery/wood working machines

- Fluid mixing machine
- Extruder
- Vibrator
- Centrifugal separator
- Coating machine
- Take-up roller
- Routing machine
- Sanding machine
- Planing machine



## **Electric pumps**

- Tankless water supply system
- Submersible motor pump
- Vacuum pump
- Fountain pump
- Cooling water pump
- Circulating hot water pump
- Well pump
- Agricultural storage pump
- Water treatment system
- Constant-flow pump
- Sludge pump

## **Packaging machinery**

- Individual packaging/innerpackaging machine
- Packing machine
- Outer-packaging machine

## Paper making/ textile machinery

- Spinning machine
- Knitting machine
- Textile printing machine
- Industrial sewing machine
- Synthetic fiber manufacturing plant

## Other machinery

- Automated feed/medicine mixer
- Commercial-use washing machine
- Offset printing press
- Book-binding machine
- Car-washing machine
- Shredder
- Dishwasher
- Test equipment
- Crusher

# Standard Specifications

# FRENIC5000G11S 400V series, for general industrial machines

Type   FRN   G11S-AJE   O.4   0.75   1.5   2.2   3.7   5.5   7.5   11   15   18.5   22   30   37   45   55   75   90   110   132   160   200   220   280   315   355   400   500   600	Turne	EDA	N G11S-4JE	0.4	0.75	1 5	2.2	2.7	E E	7 5	44	15	10 E	22	30	37	1E	55	75	00	110	122	160	200	220	200	215	255	400	EOO	620
Rated capacity *1)   kVA   1.1   1.9   2.8   4.1   6.8   9.9   13   18   22   29   34   45   57   69   85   114   134   160   192   231   287   316   396   445   495   563   731   88   884   895				_				_	_	_									_				_								
Rated voltage *2)	Nomina			-					_	_												_	_					_			
Output ratings  Overload capability  1.5   2.5   3.7   5.5   9   13   18   24   30   39   45   60   75   91   112   150   176   210   253   304   377   415   520   585   650   740   960   11   112			. , ,	-										-	_	_		85	114	134	160	192	231	287	316	396	445	495	563	/31	891
Takings   Overload capability   150% of rated current for 1min.   200% of rated current for 0.5s   150% of rated current for 0.5s   180% of rated current for 0.5s				-	_	_		<u> </u>						_	<del>–</del>	_															
Rated frequency   Hz   50, 60Hz   3-phase   380 to 480V   50/60Hz   3-phase   380 to 440V/50Hz   380 to 480V/60Hz *4)	Output	Rate	d current *3) A	1.5	2.5	3.7	5.5	9	13	18	24	30	39	45	60	75	91	112	150	176	210	253	304	377	415	520	585	650	740	960	1170
Phases, Voltage, Frequency   So, 60Hz   So	ratings	Over	load capability	150	% 0	f rate	ed cu	rrent f	for 1	min.					150	% 0	f rate	ed cui	rrent	for 1	min.										
Phases, Voltage, Frequency   3-phase   380 to 480V   50/60Hz   3-phase   380 to 440V/50Hz   380 to 440V/60Hz   *4)				200	% 0	f rate	ed cu	rrent t	for 0.	.5s					180	% 0	f rate	ed cui	rrent	for 0	.5s										
Voltage / frequency variations   Voltage : +10 to -15% (Voltage unbalance *6) : 2% or less   Frequency :+5 to -5%		Rate	d frequency Hz	50,	60Hz	Z																									
Nomentary voltage dip capability *7)   When the input voltage is 310V or more, the inverter can be operated continuously.   When the input voltage drops below 310V from rated voltage, the inverter can be operated for 15ms. The smooth recovery method is selectable.		Phase	es, Voltage, Frequency	3-pl	hase	(	380 to	480	V	50/6	60Hz	<u>'</u>			3-pl	nase	(	380 to	440	)V/50	Hz	38	0 to	480V	//60H	-dz *∠	1)				
Capability *7)   When the input voltage drops below 310V from rated voltage, the inverter can be operated for 15ms. The smooth recovery method is selectable.    Rated current *8   (with DCR)   A   (without DCR)   A   (withou		Voltag	ge / frequency variations	Volt	tage	: +10	) to -	15%	(Vol	ltage	unb	aland	e *6)	: 29	% or l	ess	)	Freq	uenc	y :+5	to –	5%									
The smooth recovery method is selectable.    Rated current *8   (with DCR)   0.82   1.5   2.9   4.2   7.1   10.0   13.5   19.8   26.8   33.2   39.3   54   67   81   100   134   160   196   232   282   352   385   491   552   624   704   880   11   4   4   5   6   6   6   6   6   6   6   6   6		Mom	nentary voltage dip	Whe	en th	e inp	ut vo	Itage	is 31	10V c	r mc	ore, th	ne in	verte	er car	n be o	opera	ated (	conti	nuou	sly.										
The smooth recovery method is selectable.  Rated current *8) (with DCR)	Input   capability *7) When the input voltage drops below 310V from rated voltage, the inverter can be operated for 15ms											6.																			
Rated current *8  (with DCR)   0.82   1.5   2.9   4.2   7.1   10.0   13.5   19.8   26.8   33.2   39.3   54   67   81   100   134   160   196   232   282   352   385   491   552   624   704   880   11   4.0   10.0	•															-					·										
A   Without DCR    1.8   3.5   6.2   9.2   14.9   21.5   27.9   39.1   50.3   59.9   69.3   86   104   124   150   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -	raungs	Rated	current *8) (with DCR)	0.82	1.5	2.9	4.2	7.1	10.0	13.5	19.8	26.8	33.2	39.3	54	67	81	100	134	160	196	232	282	352	385	491	552	624	704	880	1104
Supply capacity *9) kVA   0.6   1.1   2.1   3.0   5.0   7.0   9.4   14   19   24   28   38   47   57   70   93   111   136   161   196   244   267   341   383   433   488   610   76			A (without DCR)	1.8	3.5	6.2	9.2	14.9	21.5	27.9	39.1	50.3	59.9	69.3	86	104	124	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Control   Starting torque   200% (with Dynamic torque-vector control selected)   180% (with Dynamic torque-vector control selected)   18		Requ	ired power																												
Braking torque		supp	ly capacity *9) kVA	0.6	<u>3.6   1.1   2.1   3.0   5.0   7.0   9.4   14   19   24   28   38   47   57   70   93   111   136   161   196   244   267   341   383   433   488   610  </u>										610	765															
Time	Control	Start	ing torque	200	% (w	ith D	ynam	ic tor	que-\	vecto	r con	trol s	elect	ed)	) 180% (with Dynamic torque-vector control selected)																
		ā	Braking torque	150	0%			100%			2	20%	*10)	,																	
		nda	Time s	Ę	5			5												N	o lim	it									
Braking torque (Using options) 150% 100%	Braking	Sta	Duty cycle %	5	3	5	3	2	3	2										N	o lim	it									
		Brakir	ng torque (Using options)					1	50%	,												1	00%	,							
DC injection braking Starting frequency: 0.1 to 60.0Hz Braking time: 0.0 to 30.0s Braking level: 0 to 100% of rated current		DC ir	njection braking	Sta	rting	frequ	uency	: 0.1	to 60	).0Hz		Braki	ng tir	ne: (	e: 0.0 to 30.0s Braking level: 0 to 100% of rate							rated	curr	ent							
Enclosure (IEC 60529)	Enclos	ure (IE	EC 60529)	Т				I	P 40												IP 00	) ( IP	20 :	Opti	on )						
Cooling method Natural cooling Fan cooling	Cooling	g meth	nod	Natural	cooling												F	an c	oolin	g											
-UL/cUL -Low Voltage Directive -EMC Directive TÜV (up to 22kW)				-UL	/cUL			-Low	v Vol	tage	Dire	ctive			-EI	MC E	Direct	tive			ΤÜ	V (up	to 2	2kW	)						
Standards -IEC 61800-2 (Ratings, specifications for low voltage adjustable frequency a.c. power drive systems)	Standa	rds																													
-IEC 61800-3 (EMC product standard including specific test methods)																															
Mass kg 2.2 2.5 3.8 3.8 3.8 6.5 6.5 10 10 10 10.5 10.5 29 34 39 40 48 70 70 100 100 140 140 250 250 360 360 525 52	Mass		kg	_		_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_		_	_	_	48	70	70	100	100	140	140	250	250	360	360	525	525

# RENIC5000G11S 200V series, for general industrial machines

Туре	FRN G11S-2JE	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90
Nominal a	applied motor kV	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90
	Rated capacity *1) kVA	0.57	1.1	1.9	3.0	4.1	6.4	9.5	12	17	22	28	33	43	55	68	81	107	131
	Rated voltage *2)	/ 3-pha	se	200V/	50Hz	200	, 220V	, 230V	60Hz										
Output	Rated current *3)	1.5	3.0	5.0	8.0	11	17	25	33	46	59	74	87	115	145	180	215	283	346
ratings	Overload capability	150%	of rate	d curre	ent for 1	min.								150%	of rate	d curre	nt for 1	min.	
		200%	of rate	d curre	ent for 0	).5s								180%	of rate	d curre	nt for 0	.5s	
	Rated frequency H	<b>z</b> 50, 60	)Hz																
	Phases, Voltage, Frequency	3-pha	se 20	00 to 20	30V 5	50/60H	Z							3-phase	200 to 2	220V/50I	Hz (220 to	230V/5	0Hz) *5)
															200 to 2	230V/60I	-lz		
	Voltage / frequency variations	Voltaç	ge:+10	) to -1	5% (V	oltage	unbala	nce *6	): 2% c	or less	) Fr	equen	cy:+5	to -5%					
	Momentary voltage dip capability *7	) When	the inp	out volt	age is	165V o	r more	, the in	verter c	can be	operate	ed cont	inuous	ly.					
Input			When the input voltage drops below 165V from rated voltage, the inverter can be operated for 15ms.  The smooth recovery method is selectable.																
ratings	1	The s		recove	ry meth	nod is s	electal	ble.											
	Rated current *8) (with DCR)	0.94	1.6	3.1	5.7	8.3	14.0	19.7	26.9	39.0	54.0	66.2	78.8	109	135	163	199	272	327
	A (without DCR)	1.8	3.4	6.4	11.1	16.1	25.5	40.8	52.6	76.9	98.5	117	136	168	204	243	291	-	-
	Required power	0.4	0.4   0.6   1.1   2.0   2.9   4.9   6.9   9.4   14   19   23   28   38   47   57   69   95   114											114					
	supply capacity "9)	• • • • •																	
Control	Starting torque	200% (with Dynamic torque-vector control selected)										180% (with Dynamic torque-vector control selected)							
	Braking torque Time Duty cycle		150%				100%				20%	*10)				) to 15°	% *10	0)	
	Time			5	_	_	5								limit				
Braking		10	5	3	5	3	2	3	2					No	limit		201		
	Braking torque (Using options)																		
F	DC injection braking	Starting frequency: 0.1 to 60.0Hz Braking time: 0.0 to 30.0s Braking level: 0 to 100% of rated current  IP 40 IP 00 (IP 20 : Option )																	
	e (IEC 60529)	N					IΡ	40							IP U	0 ( IP 2	:0 : Opi	ion )	
Cooling r	netnoa		ural co				D:			EN 10 '		an coo		TÜN ( (	1 001	140			
04		-UL/cUL -Low Voltage Directive -EMC Directive TÜV (up to 22kW)																	
Standard	S	-IEC 61800-2 (Ratings, specifications for low voltage adjustable frequency a.c. power drive systems) -IEC 61800-3 (EMC product standard including specific test methods)																	
Mana	l-		_			_			_	_			40.5	-00	00	4.4	40	70	445
Mass	k	2.2	2.2	2.5	3.8	3.8	3.8	6.1	6.1	10	10	10.5	10.5	29	36	44	46	70	115

## NOTES:

<sup>\*1)</sup> Inverter output capacity (kVA) at 440V in 400V series, 220V in 200V series. \*2) Output voltage is proportional to the power supply voltage and cannot exceed the power supply voltage. \*3) Current derating may be required in case of low impedance loads such as high frequency motor. \*4) When the input voltage is 380V/50Hz or 380 to 415V/60Hz, the tap of the auxiliary transformer must be changed. \*5) Order individually. \*6) Refer to the IEC 61800-3(5.2.3). \*7) Tested at standard load condition (85% load). \*8) This value is under FUJI original calculation method. (Refer to the Technical Information.) \*9) When power-factor correcting DC reactor is used. \*10) With a nominal applied motor, this value is average torque when the motor decelerates and stops from 60Hz. (It may change according to motor loss.)



# **TRENIC5000P11S 400V series, for fans and pumps**

				_															_									
Type	FRN	P1	1S-4JE	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110	132	160	200	220	280	315	355	400	450	500	630	710
Nomina	al appl	lied motor	r kW	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110	132	160	200	220	280	315	355	400	450	500	630	710
	Rated	l capacity	*1) kVA	9.5	12.5	17.5	22.8	28.1	33.5	45	57	69	85	114	134	160	192	231	287	316	396	445	495	563	640	731	891	1044
Output	Rated	l voltage *	2) V	3-pl	nase	38	30, 40	0, 41	5V/50	)Hz	38	0, 40	0, 440	), 460	)V/60	Hz												
ratings	Rated	l current *	3) A	12.5	16.5	23	30	37	44	60	75	91	112	150	176	210	253	304	377	415	520	585	650	740	840	960	1170	1370
ratings	Overl	oad capal	oility	110	% of ı	ated	curre	nt for	1min																			
	Rated	l frequenc	y Hz	50,	60Hz																							
	Phase	es, Voltag	e, Frequency	3-ph	ase	380 to	480V	50/6	60Hz	3-ph	ase	380	to 44	40V/5	0Hz	380	) to 4	80V/6	60Hz	*4)								
	Voltag	ge / freque	ncy variations	Volt	age :	+10 t	o –15	5% (	Volta	ge ur	balar	ice *6	5) : 29	6 or l	ess )	F	reque	ency :	+5 to	-5%								
	Mom	entary vo	oltage	Whe	en the	inpu	t volta	age is	310\	or r	nore,	the ir	verte	r can	be o	perat	ed co	ntinu	ously.									
Input	dip c	apability	*7)	Whe	en the	inpu	t volta	age d	rops l	below	310	/ fron	n rate	d vol	tage,	the ir	verte	er can	be o	perat	ed fo	r 15m	IS.					
ratings				The	smoo	oth re	cove	y me	thod i	s sel	ectab	le.																
ratings	Rated	current *8)	(with DCR)	10.0	13.5	19.8	26.8	33.2	39.3	54	67	81	100	134	160	196	232	282	352	385	491	552	624	704	792	880	1104	1248
		Α	(without DCR)	21.5	27.9	39.1	50.3	59.9	69.3	86	104	124	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Requi	ired powe	r	7.0	9.4	14	19	24	28	38	47	57	70	93	111	136	161	106	2//	267	2/11	383	133	188	5/10	610	765	865
	suppl	y capacity	y *9) kVA	7.0														003										
Control	Starti	ng torque			50%																							
	ard	Braking to	rque *10)	20% 10 to 15%																								
	Standard	Гime	s												N	lo lim	it											
Braking	Sta	Duty cycle	%												Ν	lo lim	it											
	Brakir	ng torque (	Using options)				100%	)											70	%								
	DC in	jection br	aking	Sta	ting f	reque	ncy:	0.1 to	60.0	Hz	Braking time: 0.0 to 30.0s Braking level: 0 to 80% of rated current																	
Enclos	ure (IE	C 60529)		IP 40 IP 00 ( IP 20 : Option )																								
Cooling	g meth	nod													Far	n cool	ling											
				-UL	/cUL	-L	ow V	oltage	e Dire	ctive	-	EMC	Direc	tive	ΤÜ	JV (up	to 2	2kW)										
Standa	rds			-UL/cUL -Low Voltage Directive -EMC Directive TÜV (up to 22kW) -IEC 61800-2 (Ratings, specifications for low voltage adjustable frequency a.c. power drive systems)																								
				-IEC 61800-3 (EMC product standard including specific test methods)																								
Mass			kg	6.1	6.1	6.1	10	10	10.5	29	29	34	39	40	48	70	70	100	100	140	140	250	250	250	360	360	525	525

# FRENIC5000P11S 200V series, for fans and pumps

Туре	FRN P11S-	2JE	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110
Nominal a	applied motor	kW	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110
	Rated capacity *1)	) kVA	8.3	11	16	20	25	29	43	55	68	81	107	131	158
Output	Rated voltage *2)	V	3-phase	200\	//50Hz	200, 22	20V, 230V	/60Hz							
ratings	Rated current *3)	Α	22	29	42	55	67	78	115	145	180	215	283	346	415
raunys	Overload capabili	ty	110% of	rated cur	rent for 1r	min									
	Rated frequency	Hz	50, 60Hz												
	Phases, Voltage, I	Frequency	3-phase	200 to	230V 50	0/60Hz			3-phase	200 to 220	0V/50Hz (2	220 to 230\	//50Hz) *5)	200 to 2	230V/60Hz
	Voltage / frequence	y variations	Voltage :	+10 to -	15% ( Vo	ltage unb	alance *6	): 2% or	less )	Frequenc	y:+5 to -	-5%			
	Momentary voltage	dip capability *7)	When the	e input vo	Itage is 1	65V or m	ore, the in	verter ca	n be oper	ated conti	nuously.				
Input			When the	e input vo	ltage dro	os below	165V from	rated vo	oltage, the	inverter o	an be op	erated for	15ms.		
ratings			The smo	hen the input voltage drops below 165V from rated voltage, the inverter can be operated for 15ms .  e smooth recovery method is selectable.											
	Rated current *8)	(with DCR)	19.7	26.9	39.0	54.0	66.2	78.8	109	135	163	199	272	327	400
	Á	(without DCR)	40.8	52.6	76.9	98.5	117	136	168	204	243	291	-	-	-
	Required power	s kVA	6.9	9.4	14	19	23	28	38	47	57	69	95	114	139
	supply capacity *	9)	0.5	3.4	17	13	20	20	30	77	51	03	33	117	100
Control	Starting torque		50%												
	Braking torqu	ıe *10)			20	)%						10 to 15%			
	Time Duty cycle	s													
Braking	್ರಿ Duty cycle	%						No	limit						
	Braking torque (U	sing options)				100%							70%		
	DC injection braki	ing	Starting frequency: 0.1 to 60.0Hz Braking time: 0.0 to 30.0s Braking level: 0 to 80% of rated current												
Enclosur	e (IEC 60529)		IP 40 IP 00 ( IP 20 : Option )												
Cooling r	nethod		Fan cooling												
			-UL/cUL -Low Voltage Directive -EMC Directive TÜV (up to 22kW)												
Standard	s		-IEC 61800-2 (Ratings, specifications for low voltage adjustable frequency a.c. power drive systems)												
			-IEC 618	00-3 (EM	IC produc	t standar	d including	specific	test meth	iods)					
Mass		kg	5.7	5.7	5.7	10	10	10.5	29	29	36	44	46	70	115

## NOTES

<sup>\*1)</sup> Inverter output capacity (kVA) at 440V in 400V series, 220V in 200V series. \*2) Output voltage is proportional to the power supply voltage and cannot exceed the power supply voltage. \*3) Current derating may be required in case of low impedance loads such as high frequency motor. \*4) When the input voltage is 380V/50Hz or 380 to 415V/60Hz, the tap of the auxiliary transformer must be changed. \*5) Order individually. \*6) Refer to the IEC 61800-3(5.2.3). \*7) Tested at standard load condition (85% load). \*8) This value is under FUJI original calculation method. (Refer to the Technical Information.) \*9) When power-factor correcting DC reactor (DCR) is used. \*10) With a nominal applied motor, this value is average torque when the motor decelerates and stops from 60Hz. (It may change according to motor loss.)

# Common Specifications

	Item	Explanation
		G11S P11S
Output	Maximum frequency	50 to 400Hz 50 to 120Hz
requency	Base frequency	25 to 400Hz 25 to 120Hz
	Starting frequency *1)	0.1 to 60Hz, Holding time: 0.0 to 10.0s
	Carrier frequency *1)	0.75 to 15kHz (55kW or smaller) 0.75 to 15kHz (22kW or smaller)
		0.75 to 10kHz (75kW or larger) 0.75 to 10kHz (30 to 75kW)
		0.75 to 6kHz (90kW or larger)
	Accuracy (Stability)	Analog setting :±0.2% of Maximum frequency (at 25±10°C)
		Digital setting :±0.01% of Maximum frequency (at -10 to +50°C)
	Setting resolution	• Analog setting : • 1/1000 of Maximum frequency ex.) 0.06Hz at 60Hz, 0.12Hz at 120Hz, (0.4Hz at 400Hz: G11S) • 1/3000 for 30kW and about the first of the first
		Digital setting : 0.01Hz at Maximum frequency of up to 99.99Hz (0.1Hz at Maximum frequency of 100Hz and above)
		• LINK setting : • 1/20000 of Maximum frequency ex.) 0.003Hz at 60Hz, 0.006Hz at 120Hz, (0.02Hz at 400Hz: G11S) • 0.01Hz (Fixed)
ontrol	Control method	V/f control (Sinusoidal PWM control)     Dynamic torque-vector control (Sinusoidal PWM control)     Vector control with PG (*) (G11S only)
	Voltage / freq. (V/f) characte	
	Torque boost	Selectable by load characteristics: Constant torque load (Auto/manual), Variable torque load (Manual)
	Operation method	• KEYPAD operation : See or key, see key
		Digital input signal operation : FWD or REV command, Coast-to-stop command, etc.
		LINK operation : RS-485 (Standard)
		T-Link (FUJI private link), PROFIBUS-DP, Interbus-S, DeviceNet, Modbus Plus, JPCN1 (Option)
	F	
	(Frequency setting	KEYPAD operation:
	(Frequency command)	External potentiometer (*) : 1 to 5kΩ (1/2W)
		Analog input : 0 to +10V DC (0 to +5V DC), 4 to 20mA DC
		(Reversible) 0 to ±10V DC (0 to ±5V DC)Reversible operation by polarized signal can be selected.
		(Inverse) +10 to 0V DC, 20 to 4mA DCInverse mode operation can be selected.
		UP/DOWN control : Output frequency increases when UP signal is ON, and decreases when DOWN signal is ON.
		Multistep frequency : Up to 16 different frequencies can be selected by digital input signal.
		Pulse train input (*) : 0 to 100kp/s
		Digital signal (parallel ) (*) :16-bit binary
		LINK operation : RS485 (Standard)
		T-Link (FUJI private link), RPOFIBUS-DP, Interbus-S, DeviceNet, Modbus Plus, JPCN1 (Option)
		Programmed PATTERN operation: Max. 7 stages
	Jogging operation	or key, FWD or REV digital input signal
	Running status signal	7. 0 1 0
	Trumming status signal	Transistor output (4 points) : RUN, FAR, FDT, OL, LU, TL, etc.
		Relay output (2 points) : • Same as transistor output • Alarm output (for any fault)
		Analog output (1 point) : Output frequency, Output current, Output torque, etc.
		Pulse output (1 point) : Output frequency, Output current, Output torque, etc.
	Acceleration / Deceleration	
	Addictation, Bedeleration	tion to decide
		Mode select : Linear, S-curve (weak), S-curve (strong), Non-linear
	Active drive	When the acceleration time reaches 60s, the motor output torque is automatically reduced to rated torque. Then the motor operation mode is change
		to torque limiting operation.
		The acceleration time is automatically extended up to 3 times.
	Frequency limiter	High and Low limiter can be preset.
	Bias frequency	Bias frequency can be preset.
	Gain for frequency setting	Gain for frequency setting can be preset. (0.0 to 200.0%) ex.) Analog input 0 to +5V DC with 200% gain results in maximum frequency at 5V I
	Jump frequency control	Jump frequency (3 points) and its common jump hysteresis width (0 to 30Hz) can be preset.
	Rotating motor pick up (Flying	
	Auto-restart after momentar	,, ,, , ,, , ,, , ,, , ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,
	failure	selected, the motor speed drop is held minimum. (The inverter searches the motor speed, and smoothly returns to setting frequency. Even if the mo
		circuit is temporarily opened, the inverter operates without a hitch.)
	Line / Inverter changeover ope	eration Controls the switching operation between line power and inverter. The inverter has sequence function inside.
	Slip compensation	The inverter output frequency is controlled according to the load torque to keep motor speed constant. When the value is set at
		"0.00" and "Torque-vector" is set at "active", the compensation value automatically selects the Fuji standard motor.
		Slip compensation can be preset for the second motor.
	Droop operation	The motor speed droops in proportion to output torque (-9.9 to 0.0Hz)G11S only.
	Torque limiting	When the motor torque reaches a preset limiting level, this function automatically adjusts the output frequency to prevent the inverter from tripping due to an overcurr
		Torque limiting 1 and 2 can be individually set, and are selectable with a digital input signal.
	T	
	Torque control	Output torque (or load factor) can be controlled with an analog input signalG11S only.
	PID control	This function can control flowrate, pressure, etc. (with an analog feedback signal.)
		• Reference • KEYPAD operation ( or we key) : Setting freq. / Max. freq. X 100 (%) • PATTERN operation : Setting freq. /Max. freq. X 100 (%)
		signal • Voltage input (Terminal 12) : 0 to +10V DC • DI option input (*) : • BCD, setting freq./Max. freq. X 100 (
		Current input (Terminal C1)
		Reversible operation with polarity (Terminal 12)     10 to ±10V DC     Multistep frequency setting: Setting freq./Max. freq. X 100 (
		• Reversible operation with polarity (Terminal 12 + V1 ) : 0 to ±10V DC • RS-485 : Setting freq./Max.freq. X 100 (
		• Inverse mode operation (Terminal 12) :+10 to 0V DC
		• Inverse mode operation (Terminal C1) : 20 to 4mA DC
		• Feedback signal • Terminal 12 (0 to +10V DC or +10 to 0V DC)
		• Terminal C1 (4 to 20mA DC or 20 to 4mA DC)
	Automatic decalaration	
	Automatic deceleration	Torque limiter 1 (Braking) is set at "F41: 0" (Same as Torque limiter 2 (Braking)).
		• In deceleration : The deceleration time is automatically extended up to 3 times the setting time for tripless operation even if braking resistor not used.
		• In constant speed operation : Based on regenerative energy, the frequency is increased and tripless operation is active.
	Second motor's setting	This function is used for two motors switching operation.
	occoma motor o octang	The second motor's V/f characteristics (base and maximum frequency) can be preset.
	Cooling motor of setting	The second motor's circuit parameter can be preset. Torque-vector control can be applied to both motors.
	occome motor o occaming	
	Energy saving operation	This function minimizes inverter and motor losses at light load.
	Energy saving operation	This function minimizes inverter and motor losses at light load.  This function is used for silent operation or extending the fan's lifetime.
	Energy saving operation Fan stop operation Universal DI	This function minimizes inverter and motor losses at light load.  This function is used for silent operation or extending the fan's lifetime.  Transmits to main controller of LINK operation.
	Energy saving operation Fan stop operation Universal DI Universal DO	This function minimizes inverter and motor losses at light load.  This function is used for silent operation or extending the fan's lifetime.  Transmits to main controller of LINK operation.  Outputs command signal from main controller of LINK operation.
	Energy saving operation Fan stop operation Universal DI Universal DO Universal AO	This function minimizes inverter and motor losses at light load.  This function is used for silent operation or extending the fan's lifetime.  Transmits to main controller of LINK operation.
	Energy saving operation Fan stop operation Universal DI Universal DO	This function minimizes inverter and motor losses at light load.  This function is used for silent operation or extending the fan's lifetime.  Transmits to main controller of LINK operation.  Outputs command signal from main controller of LINK operation.
	Energy saving operation Fan stop operation Universal DI Universal DO Universal AO	This function minimizes inverter and motor losses at light load.  This function is used for silent operation or extending the fan's lifetime.  Transmits to main controller of LINK operation.  Outputs command signal from main controller of LINK operation.  Outputs analog signal from main controller of LINK operation.

Note: (\*) Option
\*1) Inverter may automatically reduce carrier frequency, in accordance with ambient temperature or output current for protecting inverter.



- 41 21	Item	E	xplanation
ndication	Operation mode (Running)	LED monitor	LCD monitor (Japanese, English, German, French, Spanish, Italian)
		EED MOMO!	
		Output frequency 1 (Before slip compensation) (Hz)	Operation monitor & Alarm monitor
		Output frequency 2 (After slip compensation) (Hz)	
		Setting frequency (Hz)	Operation monitor
		Output current (A)	Displays operation guidance
		Output voltage (V)	• Bargraph: Output frequency (%), Output current (A), Output torque (
		Motor synchronous speed (r/min)	Alarm monitor
		• Line speed (m/min)	The alarm data is displayed when the inverter trips.
		Load shaft speed (r/min)	
		Torque calculation value (%)	
		• Input power (kW)	Function setting & monitor
		PID reference value	
		l	Function setting
		PID reference value (remote)      DID footbook value	Displays function codes and its data or data code, and changes the data va
		• PID feedback value	
		<ul> <li>Trip history :Cause of trip by code (Even when main power supply is off, trip history data of the last 4 trips are retained.)</li> </ul>	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Operation condition
	Stopping	Selected setting value or output value	Output frequency (Hz)    Motor synchronous speed (r/min)
	Trip mode	Displays the cause of trip by codes as follows.	Output current (A)     Load shaft speed (r/min)
		OC1 (Overcurrent during acceleration)	Output voltage (V)    Line speed (m/min)
		OC2 (Overcurrent during deceleration)	Torque calculation value (%)     Setting frequency (Hz)     PID reference value     PID feedback value
		OC3 (Overcurrent during running at constant speed)	Operation condition     Prior feedback value     Operation condition     Driving torque limiter setting value (%)
		EF (Ground fault)	(FWD / REV, IL, VL / LU, TL) • Braking togue limiter setting value
		Lin (Input phase loss)	
		• FUS (Fuse blown)	Tester function
		OU1 (Overvoltage during acceleration)	(I/O check)
		OU2 (Overvoltage during deceleration)	Digital I/O : ■ (ON), □ (OFF)     Analog I/O: (V), (mA), (H), (p/s)
		OU3 (Overvoltage running at constant speed)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		• LU (Undervoltage)	Maintenance data
		OH1 (Overheating at heat sink)	
		OH2 (External thermal relay tripped)	Operation time (h)     Cooling fan operation time (h)     Communication error times
		OH3 (Overtemperature at inside air)	Temperature at inside air (°C)      (KEYPAD,RS485, Option)
		dBH (Overheating at DB circuit)	Temperature at heat sink (°C)     ROM version
		OL1 (Motor 1 overload)	Maximum current (A) (Inverter, KEYPAD, Option)     Main circuit capacitor life(%)
		OL2 (Motor 2 overload)	Control PC board life (h)
		OLU (Inverter unit overload)	
		OS (Overspeed)	Load factor calculation
		• PG (PG error)	Measurement time (s)     Average current (A)
		• Er1 (Memory error)	Maximum current (A)     Average braking power (%)
		Er2 (KEYPAD panel communication error)	Alarm data
		• Er3 (CPU error)	Output frequency (Hz)
		• Er4 (Option error)	Output current (A)     Hest sink temperature (°C)
		• Er5 (Option error)	Output voltage (V)     Torque calculation value (%)     (KEYPAD,RS-485, Option)
		Er6 (Operation procedure error)	Setting frequency (Hz)     Digital input terminal condition
		Er7 (Output phase loss error, impedance imbalance)	Operation condition (Remote, Communication)
		Er7. (Charging circuit alarm, 30kW or larger)	(FWD / REV, IL, VL / LU, TL)  • Transistor output terminal condition  • Trip history code
		• Er8 (RS-485 error)	DC link circuit voltage (V)     Multiple alram exist
	Oh anna Jama	<u>'</u>	
ata atlan	Charge lamp	When the DC link circuit voltage is higher than 50V, the charge lamp is ON	
otection	Overload	Protects the inverter by electronic thermal overload function and by detect	
	Overvoltage	Detects DC link circuit overvoltage, and stops the inverter. (400V series: 8	
	Undervoltage	Detects DC link circuit undervoltage, and stops the inverter. (400V series.	400V DC, 200V series: 200V DC)
	Input phase loss	Phase loss protection for power line input.	
	Overheating	Protects the inverter by detection of inverter temperature.	
		Short-circuit protection for inverter output circuit	
	Short-circuit	Chart around protection for invertor output around	
	Short-circuit Ground fault	Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detections of the control of the cont	on method)
		i i	on method)
		Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection)	on method)
	Ground fault	Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger)     The inverter trips, and then protects the motor.	,
	Ground fault	Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger) The inverter trips, and then protects the motor. Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in	verter motor
	Ground fault	Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger) The inverter trips, and then protects the motor. Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or ir Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special recommendation.	verter motor notor.
	Ground fault  Motor overload	Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger) The inverter trips, and then protects the motor. Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special rethe second motor's electronic thermal overload protection can be preset.	verter motor notor. for 2-motor changeover operation.
	Ground fault	Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger) The inverter trips, and then protects the motor. Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special rethe second motor's electronic thermal overload protection can be preset. Prevents DB resistor overheating by internal electronic thermal overload.	verter motor notor. for 2-motor changeover operation. relay (7.5kW or smaller).
	Ground fault  Motor overload	Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger) The inverter trips, and then protects the motor. Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special rethe second motor's electronic thermal overload protection can be preset. Prevents DB resistor overheating by internal electronic thermal overload. Prevents DB resistor overheating by external thermal overload relay attact.	verter motor notor. for 2-motor changeover operation. relay (7.5kW or smaller). hed to DB resistor (11kW or larger).
	Ground fault  Motor overload  DB resistor overheating	Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger) The inverter trips, and then protects the motor. Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special rethe second motor's electronic thermal overload protection can be preset Prevents DB resistor overheating by internal electronic thermal overload Prevents DB resistor overheating by external thermal overload relay attact (The inverter stops electricity discharge operation to protect the DB resistor.)	verter motor notor. for 2-motor changeover operation. relay (7.5kW or smaller). hed to DB resistor (11kW or larger). or.)
	Ground fault  Motor overload	Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger) The inverter trips, and then protects the motor. Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special rethermal overload protection can be preset. Prevents DB resistor overheating by internal electronic thermal overload. Prevents DB resistor overheating by external thermal overload relay attact (The inverter stops electricity discharge operation to protect the DB resistor. Controls the output frequency to prevent.	verter motor notor. for 2-motor changeover operation. relay (7.5kW or smaller). hed to DB resistor (11kW or larger). or.) putput current exceeds the limit value during acceleration.
	Ground fault  Motor overload  DB resistor overheating	Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger) The inverter trips, and then protects the motor. Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special rethermal overload protection can be preset. Prevents DB resistor overheating by internal electronic thermal overload Prevents DB resistor overheating by external thermal overload relay attact (The inverter stops electricity discharge operation to protect the DB resistor. Controls the output frequency to prevent.	verter motor notor. for 2-motor changeover operation. relay (7.5kW or smaller). hed to DB resistor (11kW or larger). or.) putput current exceeds the limit value during acceleration. put current exceeds the limit value during operation at constant speed.
	Ground fault  Motor overload  DB resistor overheating	Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger) The inverter trips, and then protects the motor. Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special rethermal overload protection can be preset. Prevents DB resistor overheating by internal electronic thermal overload. Prevents DB resistor overheating by external thermal overload relay attact (The inverter stops electricity discharge operation to protect the DB resistor. Controls the output frequency to prevent.	verter motor notor. for 2-motor changeover operation. relay (7.5kW or smaller). hed to DB resistor (11kW or larger). or.) putput current exceeds the limit value during acceleration. put current exceeds the limit value during operation at constant speed.
	Ground fault  Motor overload  DB resistor overheating	Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger) The inverter trips, and then protects the motor. Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special rethermal overload protection can be preset. Prevents DB resistor overheating by internal electronic thermal overload Prevents DB resistor overheating by external thermal overload relay attact (The inverter stops electricity discharge operation to protect the DB resistor. Controls the output frequency to prevent.	verter motor notor. for 2-motor changeover operation. relay (7.5kW or smaller). hed to DB resistor (11kW or larger). or.) putput current exceeds the limit value during acceleration. put current exceeds the limit value during operation at constant speed. DC link circuit voltage exceeds the limit value during deceleration.
	Ground fault  Motor overload  DB resistor overheating  Stall prevention	Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger)  The inverter trips,and then protects the motor.  Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special reference to the second motor's electronic thermal overload protection can be preset.  Prevents DB resistor overheating by internal electronic thermal overload Prevents DB resistor overheating by external thermal overload relay attact (The inverter stops electricity discharge operation to protect the DB resistor.  Controls the output frequency to prevent □€ (overcurrent) trip when the output frequency to hold almost constant torque when the output frequency to prevent □€ (overcurted) trip whe	verter motor notor.  for 2-motor changeover operation.  relay (7.5kW or smaller).  hed to DB resistor (11kW or larger).  or.)  output current exceeds the limit value during acceleration.  put current exceeds the limit value during operation at constant speed.  DC link circuit voltage exceeds the limit value during deceleration.  nbalance.
	Ground fault  Motor overload  DB resistor overheating  Stall prevention  Output phase loss	Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger) The inverter trips, and then protects the motor. Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special rethermal overload protection can be preset. Prevents DB resistor overheating by internal electronic thermal overload Prevents DB resistor overheating by external thermal overload relay attact (The inverter stops electricity discharge operation to protect the DB resistor. Controls the output frequency to prevent.  Controls the output frequency to hold almost constant torque when the output frequency to prevent.  When the inverter executes auto-tuning, detects each phase impedance in	verter motor notor.  for 2-motor changeover operation.  relay (7.5kW or smaller).  hed to DB resistor (11kW or larger).  or.)  output current exceeds the limit value during acceleration.  put current exceeds the limit value during operation at constant speed.  DC link circuit voltage exceeds the limit value during deceleration.  nbalance.
ondition	Ground fault  Motor overload  DB resistor overheating  Stall prevention  Output phase loss  Motor protection by PTC thermistor	Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger) The inverter trips, and then protects the motor. Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special rethermal overload protection can be preset. Prevents DB resistor overheating by internal electronic thermal overload Prevents DB resistor overheating by external thermal overload relay attact (The inverter stops electricity discharge operation to protect the DB resistor. Controls the output frequency to prevent Cf (overcurrent) trip when the output the output frequency to prevent Cf (overcurted) trip when the output the output frequency to prevent Cf (overcutage) trip when the When the inverter executes auto-tuning, detects each phase impedance in When the motor temperature exceeds allowable value, the inverter trips and the control of the output frequency to prevent Cf (overcutage) trip when the When the inverter executes auto-tuning, detects each phase impedance in When the motor temperature exceeds allowable value, the inverter trips and the control of the cont	verter motor notor.  for 2-motor changeover operation.  relay (7.5kW or smaller).  hed to DB resistor (11kW or larger).  or.)  putput current exceeds the limit value during acceleration.  put current exceeds the limit value during operation at constant speed.  DC link circuit voltage exceeds the limit value during deceleration.  nbalance.  atomatically.  * If the inverter has to be used in an atmosphere including
	Ground fault  Motor overload  DB resistor overheating  Stall prevention  Output phase loss  Motor protection by PTC thermistor Auto reset	• Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger) • The inverter trips, and then protects the motor. • Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special rethermal overload protection can be preset or a special rethermal overload protection can be preset. • Prevents DB resistor overheating by internal electronic thermal overload relay attact (The inverter stops electricity discharge operation to protect the DB resistor. • Controls the output frequency to prevent. • Lowers the output frequency to hold almost constant torque when the output of the output frequency to prevent. • Controls the output frequency to prevent. • Controls the output frequency to prevent. • When the inverter executes auto-tuning, detects each phase impedance in When the motor temperature exceeds allowable value, the inverter trips at When the inverter is tripped, it resets automatically and restarts.	verter motor notor.  for 2-motor changeover operation.  relay (7.5kW or smaller).  hed to DB resistor (11kW or larger).  or.)  output current exceeds the limit value during acceleration.  put current exceeds the limit value during operation at constant speed.  DC link circuit voltage exceeds the limit value during deceleration.  nbalance.  utomatically.  * If the inverter has to be used in an atmosphere including the hydrogen sulfide gases, a special model might be availated.
stallation	Ground fault  Motor overload  DB resistor overheating  Stall prevention  Output phase loss  Motor protection by PTC thermistor Auto reset  Installation location*	• Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger)  • The inverter trips, and then protects the motor.  • Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special representation of the second motor's electronic thermal overload protection can be preset.  • Prevents DB resistor overheating by internal electronic thermal overload Prevents DB resistor overheating by external thermal overload relay attact (The inverter stops electricity discharge operation to protect the DB resistor.  • Controls the output frequency to prevent.  • Controls the output frequency to hold almost constant torque when the output of the output frequency to prevent.  • Controls the output frequency to prevent.  • Controls the output frequency to prevent.  • Controls the output frequency to prevent.  • When the inverter executes auto-tuning, detects each phase impedance in When the motor temperature exceeds allowable value, the inverter trips at When the inverter is tripped, it resets automatically and restarts.  • Free from corrosive gases, flammable gases, oil mist, dusts, and direct su Indoor use only.	verter motor notor.  for 2-motor changeover operation.  relay (7.5kW or smaller).  hed to DB resistor (11kW or larger).  or.)  putput current exceeds the limit value during acceleration.  put current exceeds the limit value during operation at constant speed.  DC link circuit voltage exceeds the limit value during deceleration.  nbalance.  atomatically.  * If the inverter has to be used in an atmosphere including
stallation	Ground fault  Motor overload  DB resistor overheating  Stall prevention  Output phase loss  Motor protection by PTC thermistor Auto reset  Installation location*  Altitude	• Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger)  • The inverter trips, and then protects the motor.  • Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special represent of the second motor's electronic thermal overload protection can be preset.  • Prevents DB resistor overheating by internal electronic thermal overload Prevents DB resistor overheating by external thermal overload relay attact (The inverter stops electricity discharge operation to protect the DB resistor.  • Controls the output frequency to prevent (1) (overcurrent) trip when the output set to a cutput frequency to prevent (1) (overvoltage) trip when the output the inverter executes auto-tuning, detects each phase impedance in When the inverter executes auto-tuning, detects each phase impedance in When the inverter is tripped, it resets automatically and restarts.  Free from corrosive gases, flammable gases, oil mist, dusts, and direct su Indoor use only.	verter motor notor.  for 2-motor changeover operation.  relay (7.5kW or smaller).  hed to DB resistor (11kW or larger).  or.)  output current exceeds the limit value during acceleration.  put current exceeds the limit value during operation at constant speed.  DC link circuit voltage exceeds the limit value during deceleration.  nbalance.  utomatically.  * If the inverter has to be used in an atmosphere including the hydrogen sulfide gases, a special model might be availated.
stallation d	Ground fault  Motor overload  DB resistor overheating  Stall prevention  Output phase loss Motor protection by PTC thermistor Auto reset Installation location*  Altitude Ambient temperature	Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger)  The inverter trips, and then protects the motor.  Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special rethermal overload protection can be preset or a special rethermal overload protection can be preset. Prevents DB resistor overheating by internal electronic thermal overload Prevents DB resistor overheating by external thermal overload relay attact (The inverter stops electricity discharge operation to protect the DB resistor. Controls the output frequency to prevent €€ (overcurrent) trip when the electronic the output frequency to hold almost constant torque when the output Controls the output frequency to prevent €€ (overvoltage) trip when the When the inverter executes auto-tuning, detects each phase impedance in When the motor temperature exceeds allowable value, the inverter trips at When the inverter is tripped, it resets automatically and restarts.  Free from corrosive gases, flammable gases, oil mist, dusts, and direct su Indoor use only.  1000m or less. Applicable to 3000m with power derating (-10%/1000m) −10 to +50 °C. For inverters of 22kW or smaller, remove the ventilation controls.	verter motor notor.  for 2-motor changeover operation.  relay (7.5kW or smaller).  hed to DB resistor (11kW or larger).  or.)  output current exceeds the limit value during acceleration.  put current exceeds the limit value during operation at constant speed.  DC link circuit voltage exceeds the limit value during deceleration.  nbalance.  utomatically.  * If the inverter has to be used in an atmosphere including the hydrogen sulfide gases, a special model might be availated to the contact Fuji Electric FA.
ondition nstallation nd peration)	Ground fault  Motor overload  DB resistor overheating  Stall prevention  Output phase loss Motor protection by PTC thermistor Auto reset Installation location*  Altitude Ambient temperature Ambient humidity	Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger)  The inverter trips, and then protects the motor.  Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special reference to the second motor's electronic thermal overload protection can be preset.  Prevents DB resistor overheating by internal electronic thermal overload Prevents DB resistor overheating by external thermal overload relay attact (The inverter stops electricity discharge operation to protect the DB resistor. Controls the output frequency to prevent  Controls the output frequency to hold almost constant torque when the output the output frequency to prevent.  Controls the output frequency to prevent.  When the inverter executes auto-tuning, detects each phase impedance in When the motor temperature exceeds allowable value, the inverter trips at When the inverter is tripped, it resets automatically and restarts.  Free from corrosive gases, flammable gases, oil mist, dusts, and direct su Indoor use only.  1000m or less. Applicable to 3000m with power derating (-10%/1000m) −10 to +50 °C. For inverters of 22kW or smaller, remove the ventilation controls to 95%RH (non-condensing)	verter motor notor.  for 2-motor changeover operation.  relay (7.5kW or smaller).  hed to DB resistor (11kW or larger).  or.)  output current exceeds the limit value during acceleration.  put current exceeds the limit value during operation at constant speed.  DC link circuit voltage exceeds the limit value during deceleration.  nbalance.  utomatically.  * If the inverter has to be used in an atmosphere including the hydrogen sulfide gases, a special model might be availated to the contact Fuji Electric FA.
stallation	Ground fault  Motor overload  DB resistor overheating  Stall prevention  Output phase loss Motor protection by PTC thermistor Auto reset Installation location*  Altitude Ambient temperature	• Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger)  • The inverter trips, and then protects the motor.  • Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special round in The second motor's electronic thermal overload protection can be preset • Prevents DB resistor overheating by internal electronic thermal overload relay attact (The inverter stops electricity discharge operation to protect the DB resistor • Controls the output frequency to prevent * **D*** (overcurrent) trip when the **Lowers the output frequency to hold almost constant torque when the out • Controls the output frequency to prevent * D*** (overvoltage) trip when the When the inverter executes auto-tuning, detects each phase impedance in When the motor temperature exceeds allowable value, the inverter trips at When the inverter is tripped, it resets automatically and restarts.  Free from corrosive gases, flammable gases, oil mist, dusts, and direct su Indoor use only.  1000m or less. Applicable to 3000m with power derating (-10%/1000m) -10 to +50 °C. For inverters of 22kW or smaller, remove the ventilation co 5 to 95%RH (non-condensing)  3mm at from 2 to less than 9Hz, 9.8m/s² at from 9 to less than 20Hz,	verter motor notor. for 2-motor changeover operation. relay (7.5kW or smaller). hed to DB resistor (11kW or larger). or.) butput current exceeds the limit value during acceleration. put current exceeds the limit value during operation at constant speed. DC link circuit voltage exceeds the limit value during deceleration. nbalance. stomatically.  * If the inverter has to be used in an atmosphere including the hydrogen sulfide gases, a special model might be availated to contact Fuji Electric FA.  vers when operating it at a temperature of 40 °C or above.
stallation d	Ground fault  Motor overload  DB resistor overheating  Stall prevention  Output phase loss Motor protection by PTC thermistor Auto reset Installation location*  Altitude Ambient temperature Ambient humidity	Ground fault protection for inverter output circuit (3-phase current detection Zero-phase current detection method (30kW or larger)  The inverter trips, and then protects the motor.  Electronic thermal overload protection can be set for standard motor or in Thermal time constant (0.5 to 75.0 minutes) can be preset for a special reference to the second motor's electronic thermal overload protection can be preset.  Prevents DB resistor overheating by internal electronic thermal overload Prevents DB resistor overheating by external thermal overload relay attact (The inverter stops electricity discharge operation to protect the DB resistor. Controls the output frequency to prevent  Controls the output frequency to hold almost constant torque when the output the output frequency to prevent.  Controls the output frequency to prevent.  When the inverter executes auto-tuning, detects each phase impedance in When the motor temperature exceeds allowable value, the inverter trips at When the inverter is tripped, it resets automatically and restarts.  Free from corrosive gases, flammable gases, oil mist, dusts, and direct su Indoor use only.  1000m or less. Applicable to 3000m with power derating (-10%/1000m) −10 to +50 °C. For inverters of 22kW or smaller, remove the ventilation controls to 95%RH (non-condensing)	verter motor notor. for 2-motor changeover operation. relay (7.5kW or smaller). hed to DB resistor (11kW or larger). or.) butput current exceeds the limit value during acceleration. put current exceeds the limit value during operation at constant speed. DC link circuit voltage exceeds the limit value during deceleration. nbalance. stomatically.  * If the inverter has to be used in an atmosphere including the hydrogen sulfide gases, a special model might be availated to the contact Fuji Electric FA.  vers when operating it at a temperature of 40 °C or above.

# **T**erminal Functions

# Terminal Functions

	Symbol	Terminal name	Function	Remarks
Main	L1/R, L2/S,	Power input	Connect a 3-phase power supply.	
circuit	U, V, W	Inverter output	Connect a 3-phase induction motor.	
	1		<u> </u>	DC REACTOR: 55kW or smaller : Option
	P1, P(+)	For DC REACTOR	Connect the DC REACTOR for power-factor correcting or harmonic current reducing.  • Connect the BRAKING UNIT (Option).	75kW or larger : Standard  BRAKING UNIT (Option): G11S: 11kW or larger, P11S: 15kW or larger
	P(+), N(-)	For BRAKING UNIT	Connect the BHAKING UNIT (Option).     Used for DC bus connection system.	Di mando Oni i (Opioni). O i 15. i i kwi oi idiget, P i 15. i 5kwi or idiget
	P(+), DB	For EXTERNAL BRAKING RESISTOR	Connect the EXTERNAL BRAKING RESISTOR (Option)	G11S: 7.5kW or smaller, P11S: 11kW or smaller
	<b>⊜</b> G	Grounding	Ground terminal for inverter chassis (housing).	
	R0,T0	Auxiliary control	Connect the same AC power supply as that of the main circuit to back up the control circuit	0.75kW or smaller: Not correspond
Analong	13	Potentiometer	power supply. +10V DC power supply for frequency setting POT ( POT: 1 to 5kΩ )	Allowable maximum output current : 10mA
input	12	power supply Voltage input	to +10V DC/0 to 100% (0 to +5V DC/0 to 100%)	Input impedance: 22kΩ
	12	(Torque control)	Reversible operation can be selected by function setting.  0 to ±10V DC /0 to ±100% (0 to ±5V DC/0 to ±100%) Inverse mode operation can be selected by function setting or digital input signal.  +10 to 0V DC/0 to 100% Used for torque control reference signal.	* Illowable maximum input voltage: ±15V DC     * If input voltage is 10 to 15V DC, the inverter estimates it to 10V DC.
		(PID control) (PG feedback)	Used for PID control reference signal or feedback signal. Used for reference signal of PG feedback control (option)	
	C1	Current input	4 to 20mA DC/0 to 100%     Inverse mode operation can be selected by function setting or digital input signal.     20 to 4mA DC/0 to 100%	Input impedance:250kΩ     Allowable maximum input current: 30mA DC     If input current is 20 to 30mA DC , the inverter estimates it to20mA DC.
	11	(PID control) Common	Used for PID control reference signal or feedback signal. Common for analog signal	Isolated from terminals CME and CM.
Digital	FWD	Forward operation command	FWD - CM: ON The motor runs in the forward direction. FWD - CM: OFF The motor decelerates and stops.	When FWD and REV are simultaneously ON,the motor decelerates and stops.
input	REV	Reverse operation command	REV - CM: ON The motor runs in the reverse direction. REV - CM: OFF The motor decelerates and stops.	
	X1 X2 X3 X4 X5	Digital input 1 Digital input 2 Digital input 3 Digital input 4 Digital input 5	These terminals can be preset as follows.	ON state maximum input voltage: 2V (maximum source current : 5mA)  OFF state maximum terminal voltage: 22 to 27V (allowable maximum leakage current: 0.5mA)
	X6 X7 X8 X9	Digital input 6 Digital input 7 Digital input 8 Digital input 9		Face and a land of the first (and 000)
	(SS2) (SS4) (SS8)	Multistep freq. selection	(SS1) : 2 (0, 1) different frequencies are selectable. (SS1,SS2) : 4 (0 to 3) different frequencies are selectable. (SS1,SS2,SS4) : 8 (0 to 7) different frequencies are selectable. (SS1,SS2,SS4,SS8) : 16 (0 to 15) different frequencies are selectable.	Frequency 0 is set by F01 (or C30). (All signals of SS1 to SS8 are OFF)
	(RT1) (RT2)	ACC / DEC time selection	(RT1) : 2 (0, 1) different ACC / DEC times are selectable. (RT1,RT2) : 4 (0 to 3) different ACC / DEC times are selectable.	Time 0 is set by F07/F08. (All signals of RT1 to RT2 are OFF)
	(HLD)	3-wire operation stop command	Used for 3-wire operation. (HLD) - CM: ON The inverter self-holds FWD or REV signal. (HLD) - CM: OFF The inverter releases self-holding.	Assigned to terminal X7 at factory setting.
	(BX)	Coast-to-stop command  Alarm reset	(BX) - CM: ON Motor will coast-to-stop. (No alarm signal will be output.)  (RST) - CM: ON Faults are reset. (This signal should be held for more than 0.1s.)	The motor restarts from 0Hz by turning off BX with the operation command (FWD or REV) ON. Assigned to terminal X8 at factory setting. During normal operating, this signal is ignored.
	(TIE)	Trip command		Assigned to X9 at factory setting.
	L	(External lault)	(THR) - CM: OFF "OH2 trip" occurs and motor will coast-to-stop.  (JOG) - CM: ON JOG frequency is effective.	This alarm signal is held internally.  This signal is effective only while the inverter is stopping.
		Jogging operation Freq. set 2 / Freq. set 1	(Hz2/Hz1) - CM: ON Freq. set 2 is effective.	If this signal is changed while the inverter is running,
	1-1	Motor 2 / Motor 1	(M2/M1) - CM: ON The motor circuit parameter and V/f characteristics are changed to the second motor's ones.	the signal is effective only after the inverter stops.  If this signal is changed while the inverter is running, the signal is effective only after the inverter stops.
	` ´	DC brake command Torque limiter 2 /	(DCBRK) - CM: ON The DC injection brake is effective. (In the inverter deceleration mode) (TL2/TL1) - CM: ON Torque limiter 2 is effective.	If the operation command(FWD/REV) is input while DC braking is effective, the operation command (FWD/REV) has priority.
		Torque limiter 1 Switching operation	(SW50(SW60)) - CM: ONThe motor is changed from inverter operation to line operation.	Main circuit changeover signals are output through Y1 to
	(SW60)	between line and inverter UP command	(SW50(SW60)) - CM: OFF The motor is changed from line operation to inverter operation.	Y5 terinal. When UP and DOWN commands are simultaneously
	(DOWN)	DOWN command  Write enable for KEYPAD	(UP) - CM: ON The output frequency increases.  (DOWN) - CM: ON The output frequency decreases.  The output frequency change rate is determined by ACC / DEC time.  Restarting frequency can be selected from OHz or setting value at the time of stop.	ON,DOWN signal is effective.
	(Hz/PID)	PID control cancel	(Hz/PID) - CM: ONThe PID control is canceled,and frequency setting by KEYPAD ( ■ or ■ )is effective.	
		Inverse mode changeover	<u> </u>	If this signal is changed while the inverter is running, the signal is effective only after the inverter stops.
		Interlock signal for 52-2		
		Link enable (RS-485, Bus)	operation and link operation to communication.	RS-485: Standard, Bus: Option
		Universal DI Pick up start mode	This signal is transmitted to main controller of LINK operation. (STM) - CM: ON The "Pick up" start mode is effective.	
	(PG/Hz)	SY-PG enabled Syuhronization command	(PG/Hz) - CM: ON Synchronized operation or PG-feedback operation is effective. (SYC) - CM: ON The motor is controlled for synchronized operation between 2 axes with PGs.	Option Option
	(ZERO)	Zero speed command	(ZERO) - CM: ON The motor decelerates and holds its rotor angle.	This function can be selected at PG feedback control. Option
	(STOP2)	Forced stop command Forced stop command with Deceleration time4	(STOP1) - CM: ON The motor decelerates and stops.  (STOP2) - CM: ON The motor decelerates and stops with Deceleration time4.	
	, ,	Pre-exciting command:	(EXITE) - CM: ON The magnetic flux can be established preliminary before starting at PG vector mode.	
	PLC	PLC terminal	Connect PLC power supply to avoid malfunction of the inveter that has SINK type digital input, when PLC power supply is off.	
	CM	Common	Common for digital signal	Isolated from terminals CME and 11.



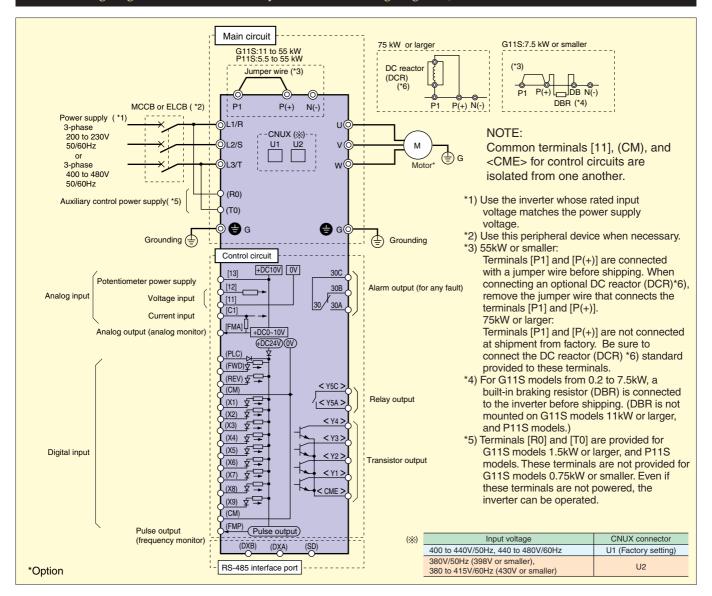
# Terminal Functions

	Symbol	Terminal name	Function	Remarks
Analog	FMA	Analog monitor	Output voltage (0 to 10V DC) is proportional to selected function's value as follows.	Allowable maximum output current: 2mA
output			The proportional coefficient and bias value can be preset.  • Output frequency 1 (Before slip compensation) (0 to max. frequency)	
			Output frequency 2 (After slip compensation)    (0 to max. frequency)	
			• Output current (0 to 200%) • Output voltage (0 to 200%)	
			Output torque (0 to 200%)	
			Load factor (0 to 200%)     Input power (0 to 200%)	
			PID feedback value (0 to 100%)	
			PG feedback value (0 to max. speed)     DC link circuit voltage (400V series: 0 to 1000V)	
	(11)	(Common)	( 200V series : 0 to 500V) • Universal AO ( 0 to 100%)	
Pulse	FMP	Pulse rate monitor	Pulse rate mode : Pulse rate is proportional to selected function's value* (50% duty pulse)	Allowable maximum output current : 2mA
output			Average voltage mode : Average voltage is proportional to selected function's value* (2670P/S pulse width control)	
	(CM)	(Common)	* Kinds of function to be output is same as those of analog output (FMA).	
Transistor output	Y1 Y2	Transistor output 1 Transistor output 2	Output the selected signals from the following items.	ON state maximum output voltage : 2V     (Allowable maximum sink current : 50mA)
output	Y3	Transistor output 3		OFF state maximum leakage current : 0.1mA
	Y4	Transistor output 4	1	(Allowable maximum voltage : 27V)
	(RUN)	Inverter running Frequency equivalence	Outputs ON signal when the output frequency is higher than starting frequency.  Outputs ON signal when the difference between output frequency and setting frequency is	
	(FAR)	signal	smaller than FAR hysteresis width.	
	(FDT1)	Frequency level detection	Outputs ON signal by comparison of output frequency and preset value (level and hysteresis).	
	(LU)	Undervoltage detection signal	Outputs ON signal when the inverter stops by undervoltage while the operation command is ON.	
	(B/D)	Torque polarity	Outputs ON signal in braking or stopping mode, and OFF signal in driving mode.	
	(TL)	Torque limiting	Outputs ON signal when the inverter is in torque-limiting mode.	
	(IPF)	Auto-restarting	Outputs ON signal during auto restart operation mode.(including "restart time")	
	(OL1)	Overload early warning	Outputs ON signal when the electronic thermal value is higher than preset alarm level.     Outputs ON signal when the output current value is higher than preset alarm level.	
	(KP)	KEYPAD operation mode	Outputs ON signal when the inverter is in KEYPAD operation mode.	
	(STP)	Inverter stopping	Outputs ON signal when the inverter is stopping mode or in DC braking mode.	
		Ready output	Outputs ON signal when the inverter is ready for operation.	
	(SW88)	Line/Inv changeover (for 88)	Outputs 88's ON signal for Line/Inverter changeover operation.	
	(SW52-2)	Line/Inv changeover (for 52-2)	Outputs 52-2's ON signal for Line/Inverter changeover operation.	
	(SW52-1)	Line/Inv changeover (for 52-1)	Outputs 52-1's ON signal for Line/Inverter changeover operation.	
	1	Motor2/Motor1	Outputs the motor changeover switch ON signal from motor 1 to motor 2.	
	(AX)	Auxiliary terminal (for 52-1)	Used for auxiliary circuit of 52-1. (Same function as AX1, AX2 terminal by FRENIC5000G9S series. (30kW or larger))	Reffer to wiring diagram example.
	(TU)	Time-up signal	Outputs time up signal (100ms ON pulse) at every stage end of PATTERN operation.	
	(TO)		Outputs one cycle completion signal (100ms ON pulse) at PATTERN operation.	
	1 2	Stage No indication 1 Stage No indication 2	Outputs PATTERN operation's stage No. by signals STG1, STG2 and STG4.	
		Stage No indication 4		
	(AL2)	Alarm indication 1 Alarm indication 2	Outputs trip alarm No. by signals AL1, AL2, AL4, and AL8.	
	(AL4) (AL8)	Alarm indication 4 Alarm indication 8		
	(FAN)	Fan operation signal	Outputs the inverter cooling fan operation status signal.	
	(TRY)	Auto-resetting	Outputs ON signal at auto resetting mode. (Including "Reset interval")	
	(U-DO) (OH)			
	(SY)	Synchronization	outputs OFF signal when the temperature is lower than (trip level – 15°C).	
		completion signal	Synchronization completion signal for synchronized operation.	Option 
	(LIFE)	Lifetime alarm 2nd Freq. level	Outputs ON signal when the calculated lifetime is longer than preset alarm level.	
		detection	2nd-outputs ON signal by comparison of output frequency and preset value (FDT2 level).	
	(OL2)	2nd OL level early warning	2nd-outputs ON signal when the output current value is larger than preset alarm level (OL2 level).	
	(C10FF)	Terminal C1 off signal	Outputs ON signal when the C1 current is smaller than 2mA.	
	(DNZS)	Speed existance signal	Outputs ON signal at detection of motor speed when using OPC-G11S-PG/PG2/SY.	
	CME	Common (transistor output)	Common for transistor output signal.	Isolated from terminals CM and 11.
Relay output	30A, 30B, 30C	Alarm relay output	Outputs a contact signal when a protective function is activated.  Changeable exciting mode active or non-exciting mode active by function "F36".	Contact rating: 250V AC, 0.3A, cosø=0.3
oatput	Y5A, Y5C	Relay output	Functions can be selected the same as Y1 to Y4.	48V DC, 0.5A, non-inductive
LINK	DXA, DXB,	RS-485 I/O terminal	Connect the RS_485 link signal	
	SD ,	no-400 I/O terminal	Connect the RS-485 link signal.	

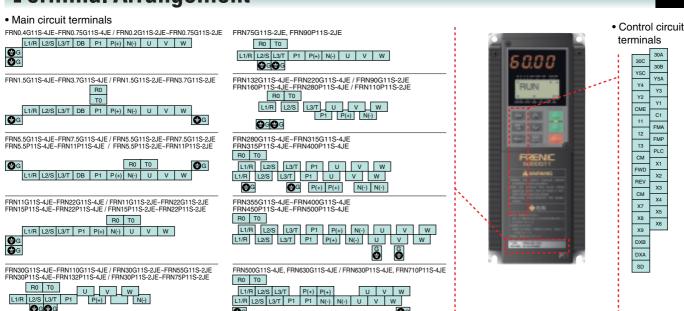
# **B**asic Wiring Diagram

## **K**eypad panel Operation

## The following diagram is for reference only. For detailed wiring diagrams, refer to the relevant instruction manual.



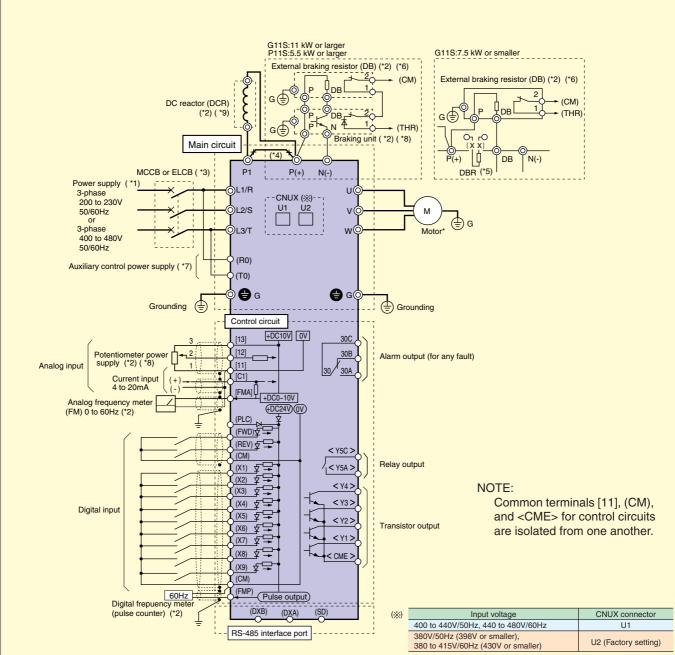
## erminal Arrangement





## External signal input Operation

The following diagram is for reference only. For detailed wiring diagrams, refer to the relevant instruction manual.



- \*Option
- \*1) Use the inverter whose rated input voltage matches the power supply voltage.
- \*2) An optional device. Use it when necessary.
- \*3) Use this peripheral device when necessary.
- \*4)55kW or smaller:

Terminals [P1] and [P(+)] are connected with a jumper wire before shipping. When connecting an optional DC reactor (DCR) \*9), remove the jumper wire that connects the terminals [P1] and [P(+)].

75kW or larger:

- Terminals [P1] and [P(+)] are not connected at shipment from factory. Be sure to connect the DC reactor (DCR) \*9) standard provided to these terminals.
- \*5) For G11S models from 0.2 to 7.5kW, a built-in braking resistor (DBR) is connected to the inverter before shipping. (DBR is not

- mounted on G11S models 11kW or larger, and P11S models.) When connecting an optional external braking resistor (DB), remove the DBR connection cables from [P(+)] and [DB] terminals. The end of the removed cables (indicated with an X) must be insulated.
- \*6) When connecting an optional external braking resistor (DB), be sure to also use an optional braking unit \*8). Connect the optional braking unit to the [P(+)] and [N(-)] terminals. Auxiliary terminals [1] and [2] have polarity.
  - Be sure to connect cables to these terminals correctly. (See the diagram)
- \*7) Terminals [R0] and [T0] are provided for G11S models 1.5kW or larger, and P11S models. These terminals are not provided for G11S models 0.75kW or smaller. Even if these terminals are not powered, the inverter can be operated.

# Keypad Panel Functions and Operations

# **K**eypad panel

## **LED** monitor

cause of trip.

In operation mode: Displays the setting frequency, output current, voltage, motor speed, or line speed. In trip mode: Displays code indicating the

## **Up/Down keys**

In operation mode: Increases or decreases the frequency or speed. In program mode: Increases or decreases function code number and data set value.

## Program key

Switches the display to a menu screen or to the initial screen for operation mode or alarm mode.

## Shift key (Column shift)

In program mode:

Moves the cursor horizontally at data change. Pressing this key with the UP or DOWN key, the screen changes to the next function block.

## Reset key

In program mode: Cancels the current input data and shifts the screen. In trip mode:

Releases the trip-stop state.

## **LCD** monitor

In operation mode: Displays various items of information such as operation condition and function data. Operation guidance, which can be scrolled, is displayed at the bottom. In program mode: Displays functions and data.

## **Unit indication**

Displays the unit for the information shown on the LED monitor.

## FWD/REV keys

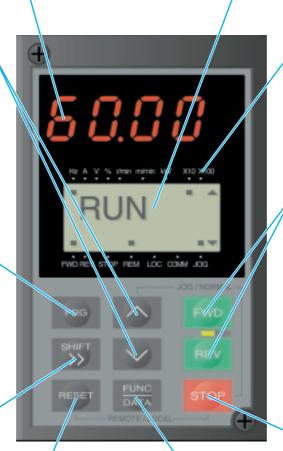
In operation mode: Starts the inverter with forward or reverse operation command. Pressing the FWD or REV key lights the RUN lamp. Invalid when the function code F02 (Operation method) is set at 1 (External signal operation).

## Stop key

In operation mode: Stops the inverter. Invalid when the function code F02 (Operation method) is set at 1 (External signal operation).

## Function/Data Select key

In operation mode : Changes the displayed values of LED monitor. In program mode: Selects the function code or stores the data.





## **K**eypad panel operation

Perform the wiring shown in the Basic wiring diagram on page 14. Turn on inverter power, and use the or key to set an output frequency. Press the key, then press the wey.

The inverter starts running using the factory setting function data.

Press the key to stop the inverter.

## Procedure for selecting function codes and data codes

The following is a sample procedure for selecting a function code and changing the function data.

1) Press the key to switch the operation monitor screen to the program menu screen.

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{RUN} & & \textbf{FWD} \\ \textbf{PRG} \rightarrow \textbf{PRG} & \textbf{MENU} \\ \textbf{F/D} & \rightarrow \textbf{LED} & \textbf{SHIFT} \end{array}$ 

② Select "1. DATA SET", and press the

- → 1. DATA SET
   2. DATA CHECK
   3. OPR MNTR
   4. I / O CHECK
- 3 Press the or key to select a target function code. To quickly scroll the function select screen, press key and the or key at the same time. At the target function, press key.

F00 DATA PRTC
F01 FREQ CMD 1
F02 OPR METHOD
F03 MAX Hz-1

4 Use the , , and keys to change the function data to the target value. (Use the key to move the cursor when you want to enter a numerical value.)

F01 FREQ CMD 1

0~11

⑤ Press the key to store the updated function data in memory.

F02 OPR METHOD

F03 MAX Hz-1

The screen shifts for the selection of the next function.

F04 BASE Hz-1 F05 RATED V-1

6 Pressing the key switches the screen to the operation monitor screen.

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{RUN} & & \textbf{FWD} \\ \textbf{PRG} \rightarrow \textbf{PRG} & \textbf{MENU} \\ \textbf{F/D} & \rightarrow \textbf{LED} & \textbf{SHIFT} \end{array}$ 

0

## 1) Setting a frequency

When the operation monitor screen is displayed, a frequency can be set by using the or key in both the operation and stop modes. When the target frequency is displayed, press the key to enter the frequency in memory.

## 2) Switching a unit indication

During both operation and stop modes, each time the key is pressed, the value displayed on the LED monitor changes, and the unit indication on the LCD monitor shifts from Hz to A, V, r/min, m/min, kW, and % in this order in accordance with the displayed value.



The functions in the yellow boxes can be set while the inverter is running. Other functions must be set while the inverter is stopped.

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Fund	etion			Min.	Factory settin
Code	Name	LCD monitor	Setting range	unit	-22kW 30kW
F00	Data protection	F00 DATA PRTC	0 : Data change enable	_	0
s F0		F01 FREQ CMD 1	1 : Data protection  0 : KEYPAD operation ( or key)  1 : Voltage input (terminals 12) (0 to +10V DC, 0 to +5V DC)  2 : Current input (terminals 12) (4 to 20mA DC)  3 : Voltage and current input (terminals 12 and C1)  4 : Reversible operation with polarity (terminal 12)(0 to ±10V DC)  5 : Reversible operation (terminals 12) (+10 to 0V DC)  6 : Inverse mode operation (terminals 12) (+10 to 0V DC)  7 : Inverse mode operation (terminal C1) (20 to 4mA DC)  8 : UP/DOWN control 1 (initial freq. = 0Hz)  9 : UP/DOWN control 2 (initial freq. = last value)  10 : PATTERN operation  11 : DI option or Pulse train input	-	0
FO	Operation method	F02 OPR METHOD	0 : KEYPAD operation ( or or key) 1 : FWD or REV command signal operation	-	0
FOE	Maximum frequency 1	F03 MAX Hz-1	G11S : 50 to 400Hz P11S : 50 to 120Hz	1Hz	60
FO	Base frequency 1	F04 BASE Hz-1	G11S: 25 to 400Hz P11S: 25 to 120Hz	1Hz	60
F09	Rated voltage 1 ( at Base frequency 1 )	F05 RATED V-1	0(Free), 320 to 480V (400V class) 0(Free), 80 to 240V (200V class)	1V	380 220
FOE		F06 MAX V-1	320 to 480V (400V class) 80 to 24VV (200V class)	1V	380 220
FO		F07 ACC TIME1	0.01 to 3600s	0.01s	6.00 20
F 08		F08 DEC TIME1	0.01 to 3600s	0.01s	6.00 20
FUS	Torque boost 1	F09 TRQ BOOST1	0.0 : Automatic (for constant torque load) 0.1 to 1.9 : Manual (for variable torque load) 2.0 to 20.0 : Manual (for constant torque load)	0.1	G11S: 0.0 P11S: 0.1
FIE	Electronic thermal (Select) overload protection for motor 1	F10 ELCTRN OL1	0 : Inactive 1 : Active (for 4-pole standard motor) 2 : Active (for 4-pole inverter motor)	-	1
F !	tor motor i (Level)	F11 OL LEVEL1	Approx. 20 to 135% of rated current	0.01A	*1)
FIE		F12 TIME CNST 1	0.5 to 75.0 min	0.01A 0.1min	5.0 10
F 13	Blectronic thermal overload protection (for braking resistor)	F13 DBR OL	G11S [7.5kW or smaller] 0 : Inactive 1 : Active (built-in braking resistor) 2 : Active (DB***-2C / 4C external braking resistor) [11kW or larger]	-	1
			O : (lactive P11S [11kW or smaller]	-	0
			0,1: Inactive 2 : Active (DB***-2C / 4C external braking resistor)	-	0
E II	/ Destart made ofter	514 DECTART	[15kW or larger] 0 : Inactive	-	0
FI	Restart mode after momentary power failure (operation selection)	F14 RESTART	0 : Inactive (Trip and alarm when power failure occurs.) 1 : Inactive (Trip, and alarm when power recovers.) 2 : Inactive (Deceleration stop, and alarm.) 3 : Active (Smooth recovery by continuous operation mode) 4 : Active (Momentarily stops and restarts at output frequency of before power failure) 5 : Active (Momentarily stops and restarts at starting frequency)	-	1
F 19	Frequency (High)	F15 H LIMITER	G11S: 0 to 400Hz P11S: 0 to 120Hz	1Hz	70
F 18		F16 L LIMITER	G11S : 0 to 400Hz P11S : 0 to 120Hz	1Hz	0
FIE		F17 FREQ GAIN F18 FREQ BIAS	0.0 to 200.0% G11S:-400.0 to 400.0Hz P11S:-120.0 to 120.0Hz	0.1% 0.1Hz	100.0
F 20		F20 DC BRK Hz	0.0 to 60.0Hz	0.1Hz	0.0
F2	(Braking level)	F21 DC BRK LVL	G11S:0 to 100% P11S:0 to 80%	1%	0
F C C	(Braking time)  Starting frequency (Freq.)	F22 DC BRK t F23 START Hz	0.0 (DC brake inactive), 0.1 to 30.0s 0.1 to 60.0Hz	0.1s 0.1Hz	0.0
F2:	Starting frequency (Freq.) (Holding time)	F24 HOLDING t	0.0 to 10.0s	0.1HZ 0.1s	0.0
F29	Stop frequency	F25 STOP Hz	0.1 to 60.0Hz	0.1Hz	0.2
F28		F26 MTR SOUND	0.75 to 15kHz (G11S : 55kW or smaller, P11S : 22kW or smaller) 0.75 to 10kHz (G11S : 75 to 400kW, P11S : 30 to 75kW) 0.75 to 6kHz (G11S : 500, 630kW, P11S : 90 to 630kW) 0.75 to 4kHz (P11S : 710kW)	1kHz	2
Fer		F27 MTR TONE	0 : level 0 1 : level 1 2 : level 2 3 : level 3	-	0
<u>F30</u> F3	FMA (Voltage adjust) (Function)	F30 FMA V-ADJ F31 FMA FUNC	0 to 200% 0 : Output frequency 1 (Before slip compensation) 1 : Output frequency 2 (After slip compensation) 2 : Output current 3 : Output voltage 4 : Output torque	1%	100
			5 : Load factor 6 : Input power 7 : PID feedback value 8 : PG feedback value 9 : DC link circuit voltage 10 : Universal AO	-	0
F 3 3	FMP (Pulse rate) (Voltage adjust)	F33 FMP PULSES F34 FMP V-ADJ	300 to 6000 p/s (at full scale) 0% : (Pluse rate output: 50% duty)	1p/s	1440
F 39			1 to 200% : (Voltage adjust: 2670p/s, duty adjust) 0 : Output frequency 1 (Before slip compensation)	1%	0
, ,,,,			1 : Output frequency 2 (After slip compensation) 2 : Output current 3 : Output voltage		
			4 : Output torque 5 : Load factor 6 : Input power 7 : PID feedback value 8 : PG feedback value 9 : DC link circuit voltage 10 : Universal AO	-	0
	30RY operation mode	F36 30RY MODE	5 : Load factor 6 : Input power 7 : PID feedback value 8 : PG feedback value 9 : DC link circuit voltage 10 : Universal AO 0 : The relay (30) excites on trip mode.	-	0
	·	F36 30RY MODE F40 DRV TRQ 1	5 : Load factor 6 : Input power 7 : PID feedback value 8 : PG feedback value 9 : DC link circuit voltage 10 : Universal AO 0 : The relay (30) excites on trip mode. 1 : The relay (30) excites on normal mode. G11S : 20 to 200, 999% (999: No limit) *2)	- 1%	
F 38	7 Torque limit 1 (Driving)		5 : Load factor 6 : Input power 7 : PID feedback value 8 : PG feedback value 9 : DC link circuit voltage 10 : Universal AO  0 : The relay (30) excites on rip mode. 1 : The relay (30) excites on normal mode.	- 1% 1%	0



# The functions in the yellow boxes can be set while the inverter is running. Other functions must be set while the inverter is stopped. **Extension Terminal Functions**

	Function		Setting range	Min.	Factory setting
	Code Name	LCD monitor	* *	unit	-22kW   30kW-
X1-X9 Terminal	ED   X1 terminal function ED   X2 terminal function	E01 X1 FUNC E02 X2 FUNC	Selects from the following items.	-	0
reminai	ED3 X3 terminal function	E03 X3 FUNC		-	2
	EDY X4 terminal function	E04 X4 FUNC		-	3
	ESS X5 terminal function ESS X6 terminal function	E05 X5 FUNC E06 X6 FUNC	-	-	<u>4</u> 5
	E 77 X7 terminal function	E07 X7 FUNC	0 :\ [SS1]	-	6
	EDB X8 terminal function	E08 X8 FUNC	1 : SS2	-	7
	EDS X9 terminal function	E09 X9 FUNC	Multistep freq. selection (1 to 4 bit) [SS4]	-	8
			4		
			6 : 3-wire operation stop command [HLD] 7 : Coast-to-stop command [BX]		
			8 : Alarm reset [RST]		
			9 : Trip command (External fault) [THR] 10 : Jogging operation [JOG]		
			11 : Freq. set. 2 / Freq. set. 1 [Hz2/Hz1]		
			12 : Motor 2 / Motor 1 [M2/M1] 13 : DC brake command [DCBRK]		
			13 : DC brake command [DCBRK] 14 : Torque limiter 2 / Torque limiter 1 [TL2/TL1]		
			15 : Switching operation between line and inverter (50Hz) [SW50]		
			16 : Switching operation between line and inverter (60Hz) [SW60] 17 : UP command [UP]		
			18 : DOWN command [DOWN]		
			19 : Write enable for KEYPAD [WE-KP]		
			20 : PID control cancel [Hz/PID] 21 : Inverse mode changeover (terminals 12 and C1 ) [IVS]		
			22 : Interlock signal for 52-2 [IL]		
			23 :TRQ control cancel [Hz/TRQ] 24 :Link enable (Bus,RS485) [LE]		
			25 : Universal DI [U-DI]		
			26 : Pick up start mode [STM]		
			27 : SY-PG enable [PG/Hz] 28 : Synchronization command [SYC]		
			29 : Zero speed command [ZERO]		
			30 : Forced stop command [STOP1] 31 : Forced stop command with Deceleration time 4 [STOP2]		
			32 : Pre-exciting command [EXITE]		
			33 : Line speed control Cancellation [Hz/LSC] 34 : Line speed frequency memory [LSC-HLD]		
			35 : Frequency setting 1 / Frequency setting 2 [Hz1/Hz2]		
ACC 2,3,4	E ID Acceleration time 2	E10 ACC TIME2	0.01 to 3600s	0.01s	6.00 20.00
DEC 2,3,4	E / / Deceleration time 2	E11 DEC TIME2		0.01s	6.00 20.00
	E 12 Acceleration time 3	E12 ACC TIME3 E13 DEC TIME3	-	0.01s	6.00 20.00
	E 13 Deceleration time 3	E14 ACC TIME4	-	0.01s 0.01s	6.00 20.00 6.00 20.00
	E /5 Deceleration time 4	E15 DEC TIME4		0.01s	6.00 20.00
	E 16 Torque limit 2 (Driving)	E16 DRV TRQ 2	G11S: 20 to 200%, 999% (999: No limit) *2)	1%	999
	E 17 (Braking)	E17 BRK TRQ 2	P11S : 20 to 150%, 999% (999: No limit) G11S : 0 (Automatic deceleration control), 20 to 200%, 999% (999: No limit) *2)		
	E 20 Y1 terminal function	E20 Y1 FUNC	P11S : 0 (Automatic deceleration control), 20 to 150%, 999% (999: No limit)  Selects from the following items.	1%	999
Y1-Y5C Terminal	E 2 1 Y2 terminal function	E21 Y2 FUNC	Selects from the following items.	-	1
Terrinina	E22 Y3 terminal function	E22 Y3 FUNC	0 : Inverter running [RUN]	-	2
	E23 Y4 terminal function E24 Y5A,Y5C terminal function	E23 Y4 FUNC E24 Y5 FUNC	1 : Frequency equivalence signal [FAR] 2 : Frequency level detection [FDT1]	-	7 10
	EE 7 FOR TOO COMMINICATIONS	101010	3 : Undervoltage detection signal [LU]		
			4 : Torque polarity [B/D] 5 : Torque limiting [TL]		
			6 : Auto-restarting [IPF]		
			7 : Overload early warning [OL1]		
			8 : KEYPAD operation mode [KP] 9 : Inverter stopping [STP]		
			10 : Ready output [RDY]		
			11 : Line/Inv changeover (for 88) [SW88] For Line / Inverter changeover		
			12 : Line/Inv changeover (for 52-2) [SW52-2]   For Line / Inverter changeover operation   SW52-1   For Line / Inverter changeover operation		
			14 : Motor 2 / Motor 1 [SWM2]		
			15 : Auxiliary terminal (for 52-1) [AX] 16 : Time-up signal [TU]		
			17 : Cycle completion signal [TO]		
			18 : Stage No. indication 1 [STG1] For PATTERN operation		
			19 : Stage No. indication 2 [STG2] 20 : Stage No. indication 4 [STG4]		
			21 : Alarm indication 1 [AL1]		
			22 : Alarm indication 2 [AL2] For Alarm signal output		
			23 : Alarm indication 4 [AL4] 24 : Alarm indication 8 [AL8]		
			25 : Fan operation signal [FAN]		
			26 : Auto-resetting [TRY] 27 : Universal DO [U-DO]		
			27 : Universal DO [U-DO] 28 : Overheat early warning [OH]		
			29 : Synchronization completion signal [SY]		
			30 : Life expectancy detection signal [LIFE] 31 : 2nd Freq. level detection [FDT2]		
			32 : 2nd OL level early warning [OL2]		
			33 : Terminal C1 off signal [C10FF] 34 : Speed existance signal [DNZS]		
			35 : Speed agreement signal [DSAG]		
			36 : PG error signal [PG-ABN] 37 : Torque limiting (Signal with delay) [TL2]		
	E 25 Y5 RY operation mode	E25 Y5RY MODE	Inactive (Y5 Ry excites at "ON signal" mode.)		
	· ·	E30 FAR HYSTR	1 : Active (Y5 Ry excites at "OFF signal" mode.)  0.0 to 10.0 Hz	0.1Hz	0.5
	E30 FAR function signal (Hysteresis) E31 FDT1 function signal (Level)	E31 FDT1 LEVEL	G11S: 0 to 400 Hz P11S: 0 to 120 Hz	1Hz	2.5 60
	E32 (Hysteresis)	E32 FDT HYSTR E33 OL1 WARNING	0.0 to 30.0 Hz  Thermal calculation	0.1Hz	1.0
			1 : Output current	-	0
	E34 (Level)	E34 OL1 LEVEL	G11S : Approx. 5 to 200% of rated current P11S : Approx. 5 to 150% of rated current	0.01A	*1
	E35 (Timer)	E35 OL TIMER	0.1 to 60.0s	0.1s	10.0
	E 36 FDT2 function (Level)	E36 FDT2 LEVEL	G11S: 0 to 400 Hz P11S: 0 to 120 Hz	1Hz	60
	E37 OL2 function (Level)	E37 OL2 LEVEL	G11S: Approx. 5 to 200% of rated current P11S: Approx. 5 to 150% of rated current	0.01A	*1



The functions in the yellow boxes can be set while the inverter is running. Other functions must be set while the inverter is stopped.

## Extension Terminal Functions (cont'd)

	Func	tion		O. War area	Min.	Factory setting
	Code	Name	LCD monitor	Setting range	unit	-22kW 30kW-
LED & LCD Monitor	ЕЧО	Display coefficient A	E40 COEF A	-999.00 to 999.00	0.01	0.01
WOTHLOT	ЕЧТ	Display coefficient B	E41 COEF B	-999.00 to 999.00	0.01	0.00
		LED Display filter	E42 DISPLAY FL	0.0 to 5.0s	0.1s	0.5
		<b>,</b> ,	E43 LED MNTR	0 : Output frequency 1 (Before slip compensation) (Hz) 1 : Output frequency 2 (After slip compensation) (Hz) 2 : Setting frequency (Hz) 3 : Output current (A) 4 : Output voltage (V) 5 : Motor synchronous speed (r/min) 6 : Line speed (m/min) 7 : Load shaft speed (r/min) 8 : Torque calculation value (%) 9 : Input power 10 : PID reference value 11 : PID reference value (remote) 12 : PID feedback value	-	0
	ЕЧЧ	(Display at STOP mode)	E44 LED MNTR2	0 : Setting value 1 : Output value	-	0
	E45	LCD Monitor (Function)	E45 LCD MNTR	0 : Displays operation guidance 1 : Bar graph (Output freq.,Output current,and Output torque)	-	0
	E46		E46 LANGUAGE	0 : Japanese 1 : English 2 : German 3 : French 4 : Spanish 5 : Italian	-	1
	E44	LCD Monitor (Contrast)	E47 CONTRAST	0(Soft) to 10(Hard)	-	5

The functions in the yellow boxes can be set while the inverter is running. Other functions must be set while the inverter is stopped.

## ontrol Functions of Frequency

	Function		Setting range	Min.	Factory setting
	Code Name	LCD monitor	Setting range	unit	-22kW 30kW-
Jump Hz		p freq. 1) C01 JUMP Hz 1	G11S: 0 to 400Hz P11S: 0 to 120Hz	1Hz	0
Control		p freq. 2) C02 JUMP Hz 2		1Hz	0
	<u> </u>	ip freq. 3) C03 JUMP Hz 3		1Hz	0
	<i>[□</i> 4 (H)	ysteresis) C04 JUMP HYSTR	0 to 30Hz	1Hz	3
Multi-Hz	[[]5] Multistep	(Freq. 1) C05 MULTI Hz-1	G11S: 0.00 to 400.00Hz P11S: 0.00 to 120.00Hz	0.01Hz	0.00
Control	[[][] frequency	(Freq. 2) C06 MULTI Hz-2		0.01Hz	0.00
	[[]] setting	(Freq. 3) C07 MULTI Hz-3		0.01Hz	0.00
	C08	(Freq. 4) C08 MULTI Hz-4		0.01Hz	0.00
	E09	(Freq. 5) C09 MULTI Hz-5		0.01Hz	0.00
		(Freq. 6) C10 MULTI Hz-6		0.01Hz	0.00
		(Freq. 7) C11 MULTI Hz-7		0.01Hz	0.00
	Ē 12	(Freq. 8) C12 MULTI Hz-8		0.01Hz	0.00
		(Freq. 9) C13 MULTI Hz-9		0.01Hz	0.00
		(Freq.10) C14 MULTI Hz10		0.01Hz	0.00
		(Freg.11) C15 MULTI Hz11		0.01Hz	0.00
		(Freq.12) C16 MULTI Hz12		0.01Hz	0.00
		(Freq.13) C17 MULTI Hz13		0.01Hz	0.00
		(Freq.14) C18 MULTI Hz14		0.01Hz	0.00
		(Freq.15) C19 MULTI Hz15		0.01Hz	0.00
	[ 2 ] JOG frequency	C20 JOG Hz	G11S: 0.00 to 400.00Hz P11S: 0.00 to 120.00Hz	0.01Hz	5.00
PATTERN		de select) C21 PATTERN	0 : Active (Mono-cycle operation, and then stops.)		
Operation	operation	· <del></del>	Active (Continuous cyclic operation while operation command is effective.)	_	0
	'		2 : Active (Mono-cycle operation, and after continues at the latest setting frequency.)		
	C22	(Stage 1) C22 STAGE 1	Operation time: 0.00 to 6000s	0.01s	0.00 F1
		(Stage 2) C23 STAGE 2	• F1 to F4 and R1 to R4	0.01s	0.00 F1
		(Stage 3) C24 STAGE 3	Code FWD/REV ACC/DEC	0.01s	0.00 F1
	E25	(Stage 4) C25 STAGE 4	F1: FWD ACC1/DEC1	0.01s	0.00 F1
		(Stage 5) C26 STAGE 5	F2: FWD ACC2/DEC2	0.01s	0.00 F1
		(Stage 6) C27 STAGE 6	F3: FWD ACC3 / DEC3	0.01s	0.00 F1
		(Stage 7) C28 STAGE 7	F4: FWD ACC4/DEC4	0.01s	0.00 F1
	*Setting for		R1: REV ACC1 / DEC1		
	operation time,		R2: REV ACC2 / DEC2		
	FWD/REV rotation and		R3: REV ACC3 / DEC3		
	ACC/DEC time select.		R4: REV ACC4 / DEC4		
	[ 30] Frequency command 2	C30 FREQ CMD 2	0 : KEYPAD operation ( or key)		
			1 : Voltage input (terminal 12) (0 to +10V DC, 0 to +5V DC)		
			2 : Current input (terminal C1) (4 to 20mA DC)		
			3 : Voltage and current input (terminals 12 and C1)		
			4 : Reversible operation with polarity (terminal 12) (0 to ±10V DC)		
			5 : Reversible operation with polarity (terminal 12 and V1) (0 to ±10V DC)		
			6 : Inverse mode operation (terminal 12 ) (+10 to 0V DC)	-	2
			7 : Inverse mode operation (terminal C1) (20 to 4mA DC)		
			8 : UP/DOWN control 1 (initial freq. = 0Hz)		
			9 : UP/DOWN control 2 (initial freq. = last value)		
			10 : PATTERN operation		
			11 : DI option or Pulse train input		
	[ ] / Offset (Ten	minal 12) C31 OFFSET 12	-5.0 to +5.0%	0.1%	0.0
		minal C1) C32 OFFSET C1	-5.0 to +5.0%	0.1%	0.0
	[ 33 Analog setting signal filter		0.00 to 5.00s		
		OCC THEFT		0.01s	0.05



The functions in the yellow boxes can be set while the inverter is running. Other functions must be set while the inverter is stopped.

Other functions must be set while the inverter is stopped.

	Function		Catting range	Min.	Factory setting
	Code Name	LCD monitor	Setting range	unit	-22kW 30kW-
Motor 1	P[]   Number of motor 1 poles	P01 M1 POLES	2 to 14	2	4
	Motor 1 (Capacity)	P02 M1-CAP	22kW or smaller: 0.01 to 45.00 kW 30kW or larger: 0.01 to 800.00 kW	0.01kW	*1)
	PD3 (Rated current) PD4 (Tuning)	P03 M1-lr	0.00 to 2000 A	0.01A	*1)
		P04 M1 TUN1	0 : Inactive 1 : Active (One time tuning of %R1 and %X ( on motor stopping mode )) 2 : Active (One time tuning of %R1, %X and lo ( on motor running mode ))	-	0
	3,	P05 M1 TUN2	0 : Inactive 1 : Active (Real time tuning of %R2)	-	0
	PDS (No-load current)	P06 M1-lo	0.00 to 2000 A	0.01A	*1)
	(%R1 setting)	P07 M1-%R1	0.00 to 50.00 %	0.01%	*1)
	(%X setting) (Slip compensation control 1)	P08 M1-%X	0.00 to 50.00 %	0.01%	*1)
	(Slip compensation control 1)	P09 SLIP COMP1	0.00 to +15.00	0.01Hz	0.00

# High Performance Functions

	Func	tion			0.450	Min.	Factory setting
	Code	Name	LCD n	nonitor	Setting range	unit	-22kW 30kW-
High Performance	H03	Data initializing (Data reset)		DATA INIT	S Manual set value     Return to factory set value	-	0
Functions	<u> </u>	Auto-reset (Times)		AUTO-RESET	0 (Inactive), 1 to 10 times	1	0
1 dilotions	ноs ноs	(Reset interval) Fan stop operation		RESET INT FAN STOP	2 to 20s 0 : Inactive	1s	5
		• •			1 : Active (Fan stops at low temperature mode)	-	0
	ноп	ACC/DEC (Mode select)	H07	ACC PTN	Inactive (linear acceleration and deceleration)		
		pattern			S-shape acceleration and deceleration (mild)     S-shape acceleration and deceleration (variable)	-	0
					3 : Curvilinear acceleration and deceleration		
		Rev. phase sequence lock		REV LOCK	0 : Inactive 1 : Active	-	0
	HUS	Start mode (Rotating motor pick up)	H09	START MODE	Inactive     Active (Only Auto-restart after momentary power failure mode )		0
		(Hotaling motor plot up)			2 : Active (All start modes)		· ·
	H 10	Energy-saving operation	H10	ENERGY SAV	0 : Inactive 1 : Active (Only when torque boost "F09" is set at manual setting mode.)	-	G11S:0 P11S:1
	HIII	DEC mode	H11 [	DEC MODE	0 : Normal (according to "H07" mode)		
		In about a series and a series and a	140	NOT O	1 : Coast-to-stop	-	0
	H IC	Instantaneous overcurrent limiting	H12	INST CL	0 : Inactive 1 : Active	-	1
	H 13	Auto-restart (Restart time)		RESTART t	0.1 to 10.0s	0.1s	0.5
	H 19	(Freq. fall rate)		FALL RATE	0.00 to 100.00Hz/s	0.01Hz/s	10.00 470V
	H 15	(Holding DC voltage)	HIS	HOLD V	400 to 600V (400V class) 200 to 300V (200V class)	1V	235V
	H 15	(OPR command selfhold time)	H16	SELFHOLD t	0.0 to 30.0s, 999s (999s : The operation command is held while DC link circuit voltage is larger	0.1s	999
	H 18	Torque control	H18	TRQ CTRL	than 50V.) G11S 0 : Inactive (Frequency control)		
	_	4			1 : Active (Torque control by terminal 12 (Driving))		
					(0 to +10V/0 to 200%) 2 : Active (Torque control by terminal 12 (Driving & Braking)	-	0
					(0 to ±10V/0 to ±200%)		
					P11S 0 : Inactive (Fixed)	-	0
	R 19	Active drive	H19 /	AUT RED	0 : Inactive 1 : Active	-	0
PID	H20	PID control (Mode select)	H20	PID MODE	0 : Inactive		
Control					1 : Active (PID output 0 to 100% / Frefuency 0 to max.) 2 : Active (Inverse operation mode : PID output 0 to 100% / Frefuency max. to 0)	-	0
	H2 I	(Feedback signal)	H21	FB SIGNAL	0 : Terminal 12 (0 to +10V)		
		(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			1 : Terminal C1 (4 to 20mA)		1
					2 :Terminal 12 (+10 to 0V) 3 :Terminal C1 (20 to 4mA)		·
	H22	(P-gain)	H22	P-GAIN	0.01 to 10.00	0.01	0.10
	H23	(I-gain)	H23	I-GAIN	0.0 : Inactive	0.1s	0.0
	H24	(D-gain)	H24	D-GAIN	0.1 to 3600.0s 0.00 : Inactive		
	,,,,,	(D-gaiii)	11/21	D-GAIN	0.01 to 10.0s	0.01s	0.00
	H25	(Feedback filter)		FB FILTER	0.0 to 60.0s	0.1s	0.5
Y1-Y5C	H26	PTC thermistor (Mode select)	H26	PTC MODE	0 : Inactive 1 : Active	-	0
Terminal	H27	(level)	H27	PTC LEVEL	0.00 to 5.00V	0.01V	1.60
	H58	Droop operation	H28	DROOP	G11S: -9.9 to 0.0Hz	0.1Hz	0.0
Serial Link	H30	Serial link (Function select)	H30 I	LINK FUNC	P11S: 0.0 (Fixed)  (Code) (Monitor) (Frequency command) (Operation command)		
Seriai Lilik		(* ========			0: X - ×: Valid		
					1: X X: Invalid 2: X - X	-	0
					3: X X X		
	H3 I	RS-485 (Address)		485ADDRESS	1 to 31	1	1
	H32	(Mode select on no response error)	H32	MODE ON ER	0 : Trip and alarm (Er8) 1 : Operation for H33 timer, and alarm (Er8)		
		response enery			2 : Operation for H33 timer, and retry to communicate.	-	0
					* If the retry fails, then the inverter trips("Er 8").		
	H33	(Timer)	H33	TIMER	3 : Continuous operation 0 to 60.0s	0.1s	2.0
	нэч	(Baud rate)		BAUD RATE	0 : 19200 bit/s	-	
					1 :9600 2 :4800	-	1
					2 : 4800 3 : 2400 4 : 1200		
	H35	(Data length)	H35 I	LENGTH	0 :8 bit 1 :7 bit	-	0
	H36	(Parity check)	H36	PARITY	0 : No checking		
	l	(1 4.11) (110011)			1 : Even parity	-	0
	H37	(Chan bit-)	H27 (	STOP BITS	2 : Odd parity 0 : 2 bit		
	na:i	(Stop bits)	П37	0105 0119	1 :1 bit	-	0
	H38	(No response error	H38	NO RES t	0 (No detection), 1 to 60s	1s	0
	H39	detection time) (Response interval)	H39 I	INTERVAL	0.00 to 1.00s	0.01s	0.01
		(. Looporioc intol vai )				2.3.0	2.01



The functions in the yellow boxes can be set while the inverter is running. Other functions must be set while the inverter is stopped.

## Alternative Motor Parameters

	Func	tion		Setting range	Min.	Factory setting	
		Name	LCD monitor		unit	-22kW   30kW-	
Motor 2	80 I	Maximum frequency 2	A01 MAX Hz-2	G11S : 50 to 400Hz P11S : 50 to 120Hz	1Hz	60	
	802	Base frequency 2	A02 BASE Hz-2	G11S: 25 to 400Hz P11S: 25 to 120Hz	1Hz	60	
	R03	Rated voltage 2 (at Base frequency 2)	A03 RATED V-2	0 (Free), 320 to 480V (400V class) 0 (Free), 80 to 240V (200V class)	1V	380 220	
	<i>80</i> 4	Maximum voltage 2 (at Maximum frequency 2)	A04 MAX V-2	320 to 480V (400V class) 80 to 240V (200V class)	1V	380 220	
	R05	Torque boost 2	A05 TRQ BOOST2	0.0 : Automatic (for constant torque load) 0.1 to 1.9 : Manual (for variable torque load) 2.0 to 20.0 : Manual (for constant torque load)	-	G11S:0.0 P11S:0.1	
	R05	Electronic (Select) thermal overload protection	A06 ELCTRN OL2	0 : Inactive 1 : Active (for 4-pole standard motor) 2 : Active (for 4-pole inverter motor)	-	1	
	801		A07 OL LEVEL2	Approx. 20 to 135% of rated current	0.01A	*1)	
	R08	(Thermal time constant)	A08 TIME CNST2	0.5 to 75.0 min	0.1min	5.0 10.0	
	809	Torque vector control 2	A09 TRQVECTOR2	0 : Inactive 1 : Active	-	0	
	R 10	Number of motor 2 poles	A10 M2 POLES	2 to 14	2	4	
	R 1 1	Motor 2 (Capacity)	A11 M2-CAP	22kW or smaller: 0.01 to 45.00 kW 30kW or larger: 0.01 to 800.00 kW	0.01kW	*1)	
	8 12	(Rated current)	A12 M2-Ir	0.00 to 2000 A	0.01A	*1)	
	R 13	(Tuning)	A13 M2 TUN1	0 : Inactive 1 : Active (One time tuning of %R1 and %X ( on motor stopping mode )) 2 : Active (One time tuning of %R1, %X and lo ( on motor running mode ))	-	0	
	Я 14	(On-line Tuning)	A14 M2 TUN2	0 : Inactive 1 : Active (Real time tuning of %R1 and %X)	-	0	
	R 15	(No-load current)	A15 M2-lo	0.00 to 2000 A	0.01A	*1)	
	R 15	(%R1 setting)	A16 M2-%R1	0.00 to 50.00 %	0.01%	*1)	
	8 19	(%X setting)	A17 M2-%X	0.00 to 50.00 %	0.01%	*1)	
	R 18	Slip compensation control 2	A18 SLIP COMP2	0.00 to +15.00 Hz	0.01Hz	0.00	

## NOTES:

- \*1) Typical value of standard Fuji 4P motor.
- \*2) Percent shall be set according to FUNCTION CODE: P02 or A11, Motor capacity.

  Torque referenced here may not be obtainable when DATA CODE: 0 is selected for FUNCTION CODE: P02 or A11.

## The functions in the yellow boxes can be set while the inverter is running. Other functions must be set while the inverter is stopped.

## **J**ser Functions

Funct	ion			Catting range	Min.	Factory	/ set
Code	Name	LCD	monitor	Setting range	unit	-22kW	30k
UO 1	Maximum compensation frequency during braking torque limit	U01	USER 01	0 to 65535	1	7	75
U02	1st S-shape level at acceleration	U02	USER 02	1 to 50%	1	1	10
U03	2nd S-shape level at acceleration	U03	USER 03	1 to 50%	1	1	10
UOY	1st S-shape level at deceleration	U04	USER 04	1 to 50%	1	1	10
U05	2nd S-shape level at deceleration	U05	USER 05	1 to 50%	1	1	10
U08		U08	USER 08	0 to 65535	1	XX	XX
U09	capacitor (Measured value)	U09	USER 09	0 to 65535	1		0
U 10	PC board capacitor powered on time	U10	USER 10	0 to 65535h	1		0
UII	Cooling fan operating time	U11	USER 11	0 to 65535h	1		0
U 13	Magnetize current vibration damping gain		USER 13	0 to 32767	1	819	
U IS	Slip compensation filter time constant		USER 15	0 to 32767	1	556	
U23	Integral gain of continuous operation at power failure	U23	USER 23	0 to 65535	1	1738	
U24	Proportional gain of continuous operation at power failure		USER 24	0 to 65535	1	1024	
U48	Input phase loss protection	U48	USER 48	0, 1, 2	-	-55kW	7
						0	
U49	RS-485 protocol selection	U49	USER 49	0, 1	-		0
US8	Speed agreement (Detection width)	U56	USER 56	0 to 50%	1	1	10
บรา	/PG error (Delection timer)	U57	USER 57	0.0 to 10.0s	0.1	C	1.5
US8	PG error selection	U58	USER 58	0, 1	-		1
US9	Braking-resistor function select	U59	USER 59	00 to A8 (HEX)	1	(	00
U60	Regeneration avoidance at deceleration	U60	USER 60	0, 1			0
U8 1	Voltage detect offset and gain adjustment		USER 61	-22kW:0 (Fixed.) 30kW-:0,1,2	-		0





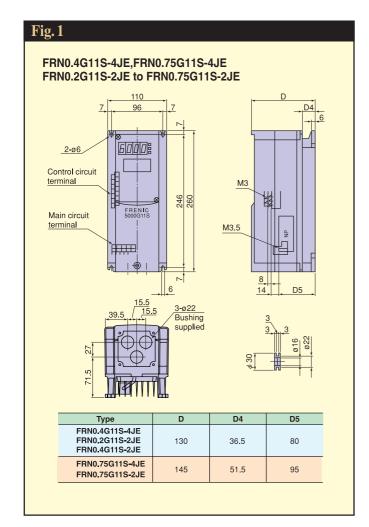
Function	Description			LED monito
Overcurrent protection (Short-circuit) (Ground fault)	Stops running to protect inverter from an overcurrent resulting from overload.     Stops running to protect inverter from an overcurrent due to a short-circuit in the		During acceleration	0E 1
(Ground fault)	output circuit.		During deceleration	002
	Stops running to protect inverter from an overcurrent due to a ground fault in the output circuit.  Contact is a part of the part of		While running at constant speed	<i>003</i>
	<ul> <li>Stops running to protect inverter from an overcurrent resulting from ground fault in the output circuit by detecting zero-phase current.</li> </ul>	• 30kW or larger model only	Groung fault	EF
Overvoltage protection	The inverter stops when it detects an overvoltage in the DC link circuit.	400V series : 800V DC or more 200V series : 400V DC or more		00 (
		<ul> <li>Protection is not assured if excess AC line voltage is applied inadvertently.</li> </ul>		0U2
		madverterity.	While running at constant speed	003
Incoming surge protection	<ul> <li>Protects the inverter against surge voltage between the main circuit power line and ground.</li> <li>Protects the inverter against surge voltage in the main circuit power line.</li> </ul>	The inverter may be tripped protective function.	by some other	
Undervoltage protection	Stops the inverter when the DC link circuit voltage drops below undervoltage level.	400V series : 360V DC (22k 375V DC (30k     200V series : 180V DC (22k 186V DC (30k	(W or larger) (W or smaller),	LU
Input phase loss protection	The inverter is protected from being damaged when open-phase fault occurs.			Lin
Overheat protection	• Stops the inverter when it detects excess heat sink temperature in case of cooling fan failure or overload. This is also caused by short-circuit of terminals 13 and 11.			OH I
	<ul> <li>Stops the inverter when it detects an abnormal rise in temperature in the inverter unit caused by insufficient ventilation in cubicles or an abnormal ambient temperature.</li> <li>This is also caused by short-circuit of terminals 13 and 11 (overcurrent of 20mA at terminal 13).</li> </ul>			0H3
	<ul> <li>When the built-in braking resistor overheats, the inverter stops discharging and running.</li> <li>Function data appropriate for the resistor type (built-in/external) must be set.</li> </ul>	G11S: 7.5kW or smaller mo	odel only	дЬН
Electronic thermal	This function stops the inverter by detecting an inverter overload.			OLU
overload protection (Motor protection)	• This function stops the inverter by detecting an overload in a standard motor or		Motor 1 overload	<u>OL I</u>
	inverter motor.		<u> </u>	
Fuse blown	When a blown fuse is detected, the inverter stops running.	• 30kW or larger model only		FUS
Stall prevention (Momentary overcurrent limitation)	<ul> <li>When an output current exceeds the limit during acceleration, this function lowers output frequency to prevent the occurrence of an OC1 trip.</li> </ul>	The stall prevention function	n can be disabled.	
Output phase loss error	• If an unbalance of output circuits is detected during auto-tuning, this function issues an alarm (and stops the inverter).			Ern
	<ul> <li>During running in which acceleration is 60s or longer, this function increases the acceleration time to prevent the occurrence of an OLU trip.</li> </ul>	The acceleration time can be three times the preset time.	e prolonged up to	
External alarm input	<ul> <li>The inverter stops on receiving external alarm signals.</li> <li>This function is activated when the motor temperature rises where PTC thermistor is used for motor protection (H26: 1).</li> </ul>	Use THR terminal function (	(digital input).	0H2
Overspeed protection	Stops the inverter when the output frequency exceeds the rated maximum frequency by 20%.			85
PG error	If disconnection occurs in pulse generator circuits, the inverter issues an alarm.			PG
Alarm output (for any fault)	<ul> <li>The inverter outputs a relay contact signal when the inverter issued an alarm and stopped.</li> </ul>	Output terminals: 30A, 30B,     Use the RST terminal functions	ion for signal input	
	<ul> <li>An alarm-stop state of the inverter can be cleared with the RESET key or by a digital input signal (RST).</li> </ul>	Even if main power input is history and trip-cause data a		
	Store up to four instances of previous alarm data.			
Storage of data on cause of trip	The inverter can store and display details of the latest alarm history data.			
Memory error	The inverter checks memory data after power-on and when the data is written. If a memory error is detected, the inverter stops.			Er I
KEYPAD panel communication error	If an error is detected in communication between the inverter and KEYPAD when the Keypad panel is being used, the inverter stops.	When operated by external s continues running. The alarm fault) is not output. Only Er2 is	output (for any	Er2
CPU error	<ul> <li>If the inverter detects a CPU error caused by noise or some other factor, the inverter stops.</li> </ul>			Er3
	If a checksum error or disconnection is detected during communication, the inverter issues an alarm.			Er4
	If a linkage error or other option error is detected, the inverter issues an alarm.			ErS
	• Er6 is indicated only when the inverter is forcedly stopped by [STOP 1] or [STOP 2]			E-6
Option error Operation				
Option error Operation procedure error	operation in E01to E09 (Set value: 30 or 31).  • This error is detected when the wiring on the inverter output is disconnected			Er7
Option error Operation procedure error Output wiring error Charging circuit alarm	operation in E01to E09 (Set value: 30 or 31).	• 30kW or larger model only		

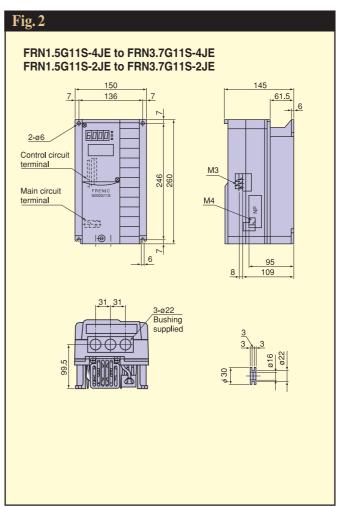
1)Retaining alarm signal when auxiliary controll power supply is not used:

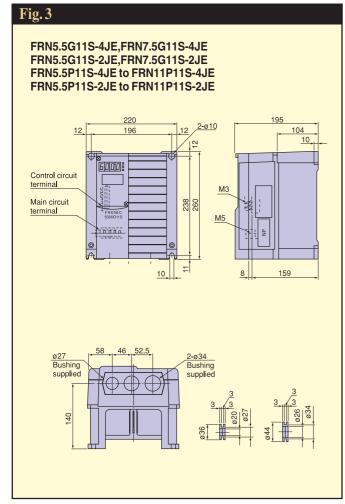
If the inverter power supply is cut off while an internal alarm signal is being output, the alarm signal cannot be retained.

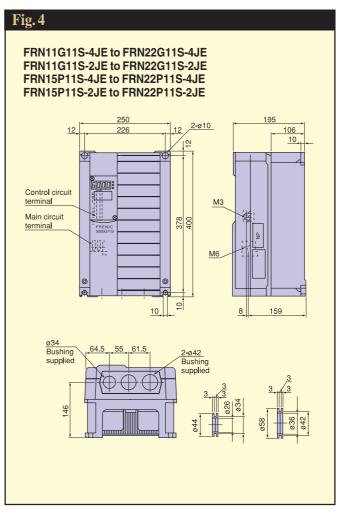
2)To issue the RESET command, press the key on the KEYPAD panel or connect terminals RST and CM and disconnect them afterwards. 3) Fault history data is stored for the past four trips.

# External Dimensions

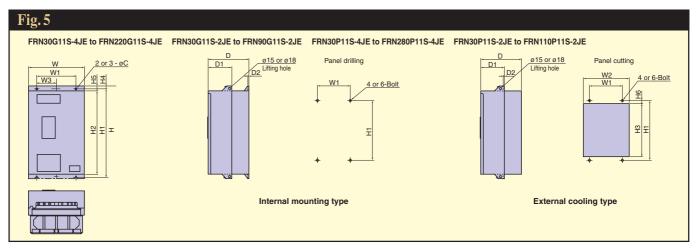


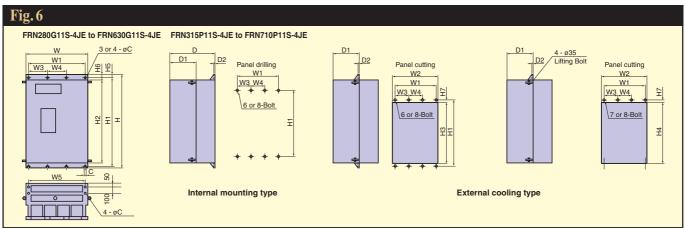




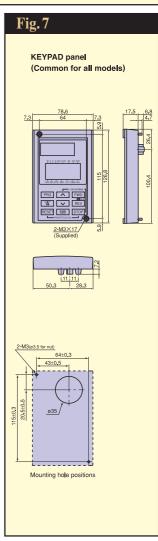








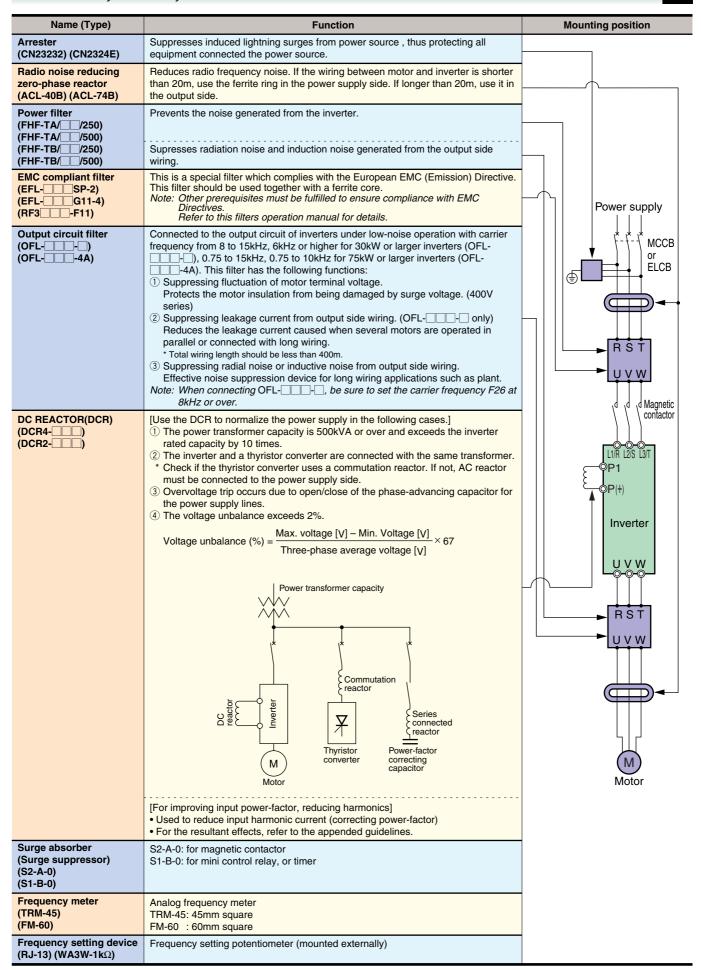
Power	Nominal	Ту	pe									D	imen	sion	s (mn	n)							Mtg.
supply voltage	applied motor (kW)	G11S series	P11S series	Fig	w	W1	W2	W3	W4	W5	н		_	НЗ	H4	H5	Н6	H7	D	D1	D2	С	Bolt
400V	30	FRN30G11S-4JE	FRN30P11S-4JE																	-			
		_	FRN37P11S-4JE		340	240	326												255				
	37	FRN37G11S-4JE	_								550	530	500	512									
		_	FRN45P11S-4JE																				
	45	FRN45G11S-4JE	_												<u> </u>	12	25	9		145		10	M8
	55	FRN55G11S-4JE	FRN55P11S-4JE		375	275	361				675	655	625	637					270				
		_	FRN75P11S-4JE																				
	75	FRN75G11S-4JE	_					_															
		_	FRN90P11S-4JE	5							740	720	690	/02							4		
	90	FRN90G11S-4JE	_							_											1		
	110	FRN110G11S-4JE	FRN110P11S-4JE						_		740	710	675	685									
	100	_	FRN132P11S-4JE		F00	400	F10												315	175			
	132	FRN132G11S-4JE	_		530	430	510																
	160	FRN160G11S-4JE	FRN160P11S-4JE												_		32.5	12.5					
	000	_	FRN200P11S-4JE								4000	070	005	045							1		
	200	FRN200G11S-4JE	_								1000	970	935	945					360	220			
	220	FRN220G11S-4JE	FRN220P11S-4JE																				
	000	_	FRN280P11S-4JE		000	-00		000															
	280	FRN280G11S-4JE	_		1680	580	660	290	90														
	315	FRN315G11S-4JE	FRN315P11S-4JE							610						15.5						15	M12
	355	_	FRN355P11S-4JE																				
	300	FRN355G11S-4JE	_		880	780	860	260	260	810	1400	1370	1330	1340	1335				450	285			
	400	_	FRN400P11S-4JE		680	580	660	290		610													
	400	FRN400G11S-4JE	_	6													35	14.5			6.4		
	450	_	FRN450P11S-4JE		880	780	860	260	260	810													
	500	_	FRN500P11S-4JE																				
	300	FRN500G11S-4JE																					
	630	FRN630G11S-4JE	FRN630P11S-4JE		999	900	980	300	300	900	1550	1520	1480	1490	1485				500	313.2			
	710	_	FRN710P11S-4JE																				
200V	30	FRN30G11S-2JE	FRN30P11S-2JE		3/10	240	326				550	530	500	512					255				
	37	_	FRN37P11S-2JE		340	240	320				330	330	300	312					233				
	07	FRN37G11S-2JE									615	595	565	577									
	45		FRN45P11S-2JE								013	333	303	311		12	25	9		145		10	M8
	75	FRN45G11S-2JE			375	275	361	_											270				
	55	FRN55G11S-2JE	FRN55P11S-2JE	5							740	720	690	702							4		
	75	_	FRN75P11S-2JE																				
	73	FRN75G11S-2JE	_		530	430	510				750	720	685	695					285	145			
	90	_	FRN90P11S-2JE		330	730	310				750	120	000	033		15.5	32.5	12.5	200	1+3		15	M12
		FRN90G11S-2JE	<del>-</del>		680	580	660	290			880	850	815	825		.0.0	J.J.	12.0	360	220		"	
	110	_	FRN110P11S-2JE		000	300	000	250			300	000	013	023					300	220			



NOTE:



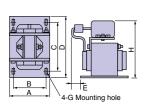
## Reactor, Filter, and Other Accessories





# **D**c reactor

Fig. A



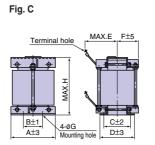
Terminal hole MAX.E F±5

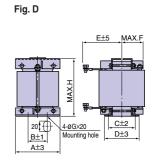
WAYN

A+0G

Mounting hole

Fig. B





\*Provided with as standard (separately installed) for inverters of 75kW or larger capacity.

Power	Nominal		Reactor		Dimensions, mm						Dimensions, mm									Mass
supply voltage	applied motor (kW)	Inverter type	type	Fig	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	Terminal screw	(kg)						
Three-	0.4	FRN0.4G11S-4JE	DCR4-0.4	Α	66	56	72	90	15	-	5.2 × 8	94	M4	1.0						
phase	0.75	FRN0.75G11S-4JE	DCR4-0.75	Α	66	56	72	90	20	-	5.2 × 8	94	M4	1.4						
400V	1.5	FRN1.5G11S-4JE	DCR4-1.5	Α	66	56	72	90	20	-	5.2 × 8	94	M4	1.6						
	2.2	FRN2.2G11S-4JE	DCR4-2.2	Α	86	71	80	100	15	-	6×9	110	M4	2.0						
	3.7	FRN3.7G11S-4JE	DCR4-3.7	Α	86	71	80	100	20	-	6×9	110	M4	2.6						
	5.5	FRN5.5G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-5.5	Α	86	71	80	100	20	-	6×9	110	M4	2.6						
	7.5	FRN7.5G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-7.5	Α	111	95	80	100	24	-	7×11	130	M5	4.2						
	11	FRN11G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-11	Α	111	95	80	100	24	-	7×11	130	M5	4.3						
	15	FRN15G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-15	Α	146	124	96	120	15	-	7×11	171	M5	5.9						
	18.5	FRN18.5G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-18.5	Α	146	124	96	120	25	-	7×11	171	M6	7.2						
	22	FRN22G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-22A	Α	146	124	96	120	25	-	7×11	171	M6	7.2						
	30	FRN30G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-30B	В	152	90	115	157	100	78	8	130	M8	13						
	37	FRN37G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-37B	В	171	110	110	150	100	75	8	150	M8	15						
	45	FRN45G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-45B	В	171	110	125	165	110	82	8	150	M8	18						
	55	FRN55G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-55B	В	171	110	130	170	110	85	8	150	M8	20						
	75	FRN75G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-75B	C	190	160	115	151	100	75	10	240	M10	20						
	90	FRN90G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-90B	С	190	160	125	161	120	80	10	250	ø12	23						
	110	FRN110G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-110B	С	190	160	125	161	120	80	10	250	ø12	25						
	132	FRN132G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-132B	С	200	170	135	171	120	85	10	260	ø12	28						
	160	FRN160G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-160B	С	210	180	135	171	120	85	12	290	ø12	32						
	200	FRN200G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-200B	C	210	180	135	171	140	90	12	295	ø12	35						
	220	FRN220G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-220B	C	220	190	135	171	140	90	12	300	ø15	40						
	280	FRN280G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-280B	С	220	190	145	181	150	95	12	320	ø15	45						
	315	FRN315G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-315B	D	220	190	145	181	150	95	12	320	ø15	52						
	355	FRN355G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-315B	D	220	190	145	181	160	95	12	320	ø15	5 <u>5</u>						
	400	FRN400G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-400B	D	240	210	145	181	170	95	12	340	ø15	60						
	450	FRN450P11S-4JE	DCR4-450B	D	260	225	145	181	170	95	12	340	ø15	67						
	500	FRN500G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-500B	D	260	225	145	181	185	100	12	340	ø15	70						
				D																
	630	FRN630G11S/P11S-4JE	DCR4-630B	D	300	245	170	211	195	110	12	390	ø15	80						
T1	710	FRN710P11S-4JE	DCR4-710B	A	310	255	170 72		205	115	12	405	ø15	88						
Three-	0.2	FRN0.2G11S-2JE	DCR2-0.2		66	56	72	90	5	-	5.2 × 8	94	M4	0.8						
phase	0.4	FRN0.4G11S-2JE	DCR2-0.4	A	66	56		90	15	-	5.2 × 8	94	M4	1.0						
200V	0.75	FRN0.75G11S-2JE	DCR2-0.75	A	66	56	72	90	20	-	5.2 × 8	94	M4	1.4						
ŀ	1.5	FRN1.5G11S-2JE	DCR2-1.5	A	66	56	72	90	20	-	5.2 × 8	94	M4	1.6						
	2.2	FRN2.2G11S-2JE	DCR2-2.2	A	86	71	80	100	10	-	6×11	110	M4	1.8						
	3.7	FRN3.7G11S-2JE	DCR2-3.7	A	86	71	80	100	20	-	6×11	110	M4	2.6						
	5.5	FRN5.5G11S/P11S-2JE	DCR2-5.5	A	111	95	80	100	20	-	7×11	130	M5	3.6						
	7.5	FRN7.5G11S/P11S-2JE	DCR2-7.5	Α	111	95	80	100	23	-	7×11	130	M5	3.8						
	11	FRN11G11S/P11S-2JE	DCR2-11	Α	111	95	80	100	24	-	7×11	137	M6	4.3						
	15	FRN15G11S/P11S-2JE	DCR2-15	Α	146	124	96	120	15	-	7×11	171	M6	5.9						
	18.5	FRN18.5G11S/P11S-2JE	DCR2-18.5	Α	146	124	96	120	25	-	7×11	180	M8	7.4						
	22	FRN22G11S/P11S-2JE	DCR2-22A	A	146	124	96	120	25	-	7×11	180	M8	7.5						
	30	FRN30G11S/P11S-2JE	DCR2-30B	В	152	90	116	156	115	78	8	130	M10	12						
	37	FRN37G11S/P11S-2JE	DCR2-37B	В	171	110	110	151	115	75	8	150	M10	14						
	45	FRN45G11S/P11S-2JE	DCR2-45B	В	171	110	125	166	120	86	8	150	M10	16						
	55	FRN55G11S/P11S-2JE	DCR2-55B	С	190	160	90	131	100	65	8	210	M12	16						
	75	FRN75G11S/P11S-2JE	DCR2-75B	С	200	170	100	141	110	70	10	210	M12	18						
	90	FRN90G11S/P11S-2JE	DCR2-90B	С	180	150	110	151	140	75	10	240	ø15	20						
	110	FRN110P11S-2JE	DCR2-110B	С	190	160	120	161	150	80	10	270	ø15	25						

The reactors in the blue boxes are provided as standard (separately installed).

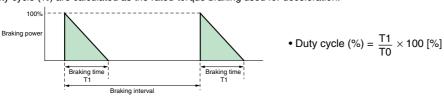


# **B**raking unit, Braking resistor

Power		Inve	rter			Opt	ion		G11S		s braking (100% oversion value)			P11S		s braking (100% oversion value)		
supply	G118	3	P118		Braking		Braking		Max.	Braking	Discharging	Duty	Average	Max.	Braking	Discharging	Duty	Average
		Inverter		Inverter	unit		resistor		braking torque (%)	time	capability	cycle	loss	braking torque	time	capability	cycle	loss
		type	(kW)	type	Туре	Q'ty	Туре	Q'ty	(%)	(s)	(kWs)	(%)	(kW)	(%)	(s)	(kWs)	(%)	(kW)
Three-	0.4	FRN0.4G11S-4JE					DB0.75-4	1		45	9	22	0.044					
phase 400V	0.75	FRN0.75G11S-4JE	_	_	_	_	DD0.73-4	1		45	17	18	0.068	_	_	_	_	_
400 V	1.5	FRN1.5G11S-4JE					DB2.2-4	1		45	34	10	0.075					
	2.2	FRN2.2G11S-4JE						1		30	33	7	0.077					
	3.7	FRN3.7G11S-4JE	5.5	FRN5.5P11S4JE	_	_	DB3.7-4	1	1500/	20	37	5	0.093		15 15	37	3.5	0.093
	5.5 7.5	FRN5.5G11S-4JE FRN7.5G11S-4JE	7.5	FRN7.5P11S-4JE FRN11P11S-4JE	_	_	DB5.5-4 DB7.5-4	1	150%	20 10	55 38	5	0.138		7	55 38	3.5	0.138
	11	FRN11G11S-4JE	15	FRN15P11S-4JE		1	DB11-4	1		10	55	5	0.100	100%	7	55	3.5	0.166
	15	FRN15G11S-4JE	18.5	FRN18.5P11S-4JE		1	DB15-4	1		10	75	5	0.275	100 /6	8	75	4	0.275
	18.5	FRN18.5G11S-4JE	22	FRN22P11S-4JE	BU22-4C	1	DB18.5-4	1		10	93	5	0.463		8	93	4	0.463
	22	FRN22G11S-4JE	30	FRN30P11S-4JE		1	DB22-4	1		8	88	5	0.55		6	88	3	0.55
	30	FRN30G11S-4JE	37	FRN37P11S-4JE	Dillow : 5	1	DB30-4C	1		10	150	10	1.5		8	150	8	1.5
	37	FRN37G11S-4JE	45	FRN45P11S-4JE	BU37-4C	1	DB37-4C	1		10	185	10	1.85		8	185	8	1.85
	45	FRN45G11S-4JE	55	FRN55P11S-4JE	DUEE 40	1	DB45-4C	1		10	225	10	2.25		8	225	8	2.25
	55	FRN55G11S-4JE	75	FRN75P11S-4JE	BU55-4C	1	DB55-4C	1		10	275	10	2.75		7	275	7	2.75
	75	FRN75G11S-4JE	90	FRN90P11S-4JE	DL100.4C	1	DB75-4C	1		10	375	10	3.75		8	375	8	3.75
	90	FRN90G11S-4JE	110	FRN110P11S-4JE	BU90-4C	1	DB110-4C	1		10	450	10	4.5		8	450	8	4.5
	110	FRN110G11S-4JE	132	FRN132P11S-4JE	D	1	DB110-4C	1		10	550	10	5.5		8	550	8	5.5
	132	FRN132G11S-4JE	160	FRN160P11S-4JE	BU132-4C	1	DB132-4C	1	1000/	10	665	10	6.65	750/	8	665	8	6.65
	160	FRN160G11S-4JE	200	FRN200P11S-4JE		1	DB160-4C	1	100%	10	800	10	8.0	75%	8	800	8	8.0
	200	FRN200G11S-4JE	220	FRN220P11S-4JE		1	DB200-4C	1		10	1000	10	10.0		9	1000	9	10.0
	220	FRN220G11S-4JE	280	FRN280P11S-4JE		1	DB220-4C	1		10	1100	10	11.0		8	1100	8	11.0
	280	FRN280G11S-4JE	315	FRN315P11S-4JE	BU220-4C	2	DB160-4C	2		11	1600	11	16.0		10	1600	10	16.0
	315	FRN315G11S-4JE	355	FRN355P11S-4JE	20220 .0	2	DB160-4C	2		10	1600	10	16.0		9	1600	9	16.0
	355	FRN355G11S-4JE	400	FRN400P11S-4JE		2	DB200-4C	2		11	2000	11	20.0		10	2000	10	20.0
	400	FRN400G11S-4JE	450	FRN450P11S-4JE		2	DB200-4C	2		10	2000	10	20.0		9	2000	9	20.0
		— EDNESSO 440 4 IE	500	FRN500P11S-4JE		2	DB200-4C	2			_	_	_		8	2000	8	20.0
	500	FRN500G11S-4JE FRN630G11S-4JE	630	FRN630P11S-4JE FRN710P11S-4JE							Contact I	=uji.						
Three-	0.2	FRN0.2G11S-4JE	710	FNN/10F115-4JE				1		90	9	37	0.037					
phase	0.2	FRN0.4G11S-2JE					DB0.75-2	1		45	9	22	0.037					
200V	0.75	FRN0.75G11S-2JE	_	_	_	_	000.73-2	1		45	17	18	0.044	_	_	_	_	_
	1.5	FRN1.5G11S-2JE						1		45	34	10	0.075					
	2.2	FRN2.2G11S-2JE					DB2.2-2	1		30	33	7	0.073					
	3.7	FRN3.7G11S-2JE	5.5	FRN5.5P11S-2JE			DB3.7-2	1		20	37	5	0.093		15	37	3.5	0.093
		FRN5.5G11S-2JE		FRN7.5P11S-2JE	_		DB5.5-2	1	4500/	20	55	5	0.138		15	55		0.138
		FRN7.5G11S-2JE	11	FRN11P11S-2JE			DB7.5-2	1	150%	10	37	5	0.188		7	37	3.5	0.188
	11	FRN11G11S-2JE	15	FRN15P11S-2JE		1	DB11-2	1		10	55	5	0.275	100%	7	55	3.5	0.275
	15	FRN15G11S-2JE	18.5	FRN18.5P11S-2JE	BU22-2C	1	DB15-2	1		10	75	5	0.375		8	75	4	0.375
	18.5	FRN18.5G11S-2JE	22	FRN22P11S-2JE	DU22-20	1	DB18.5-2	1		10	92	5	0.463		8	92	4	0.463
	22	FRN22G11S-2JE	30	FRN30P11S-2JE		1	DB22-2	1		8	88	5	0.55		6	88	3.5	0.55
	30	FRN30G11S-2JE	37	FRN37P11S-2JE	BU37-2C	1	DB30-2C	1		10	150	10	1.5		8	150	8	1.5
	37	FRN37G11S-2JE	45	FRN45P11S-2JE	D031-20	1	DB37-2C	1		10	185	10	1.85		8	185	8	1.85
		FRN45G11S-2JE	55	FRN55P11S-2JE	BU55-2C	1	DB45-2C	1	100%	10	225	10	2.25	75%	8	225	8	2.25
		FRN55G11S-2JE	75	FRN75P11S-2JE		1	DB55-2C	1	. 55 /5	10	275	10	2.75	.,,	7	275	7	2.75
		FRN75G11S-2JE	90	FRN90P11S-2JE	BU90-2C	1	DB75-2C	1		10	375	10	3.75		8	375	8	3.75
	90	FRN90G11S-2JE	110	FRN110P11S-2JE		1	DB90-2C	1		10	450	10	4.5		8	450	8	4.5

## NOTES:

- 1) Each model of the P11S series uses options that are one-class smaller than the options for the G11S series of the same capacity.
- 2) The braking time and duty cycle (%) are calculated as the rated-torque braking used for deceleration.

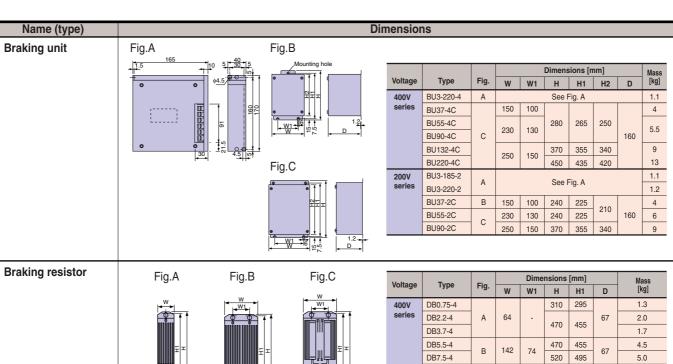


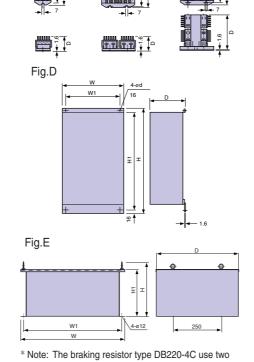
[Procedure for selecting options]

All three conditions listed below must be satisfied.

- $\ensuremath{\bigcirc}$  The maximum braking torque does not exceed the value shown in the table.
- ② The energy discjarged in the resistor for each braking (the area of the triangle shown in the above figure) does not exceed the discharging capability (kWs) in the table.
- 3 The average loss (energy discharged in the resistor divided by a braking interval) does not exceed the average loss (kW) shown in the table.





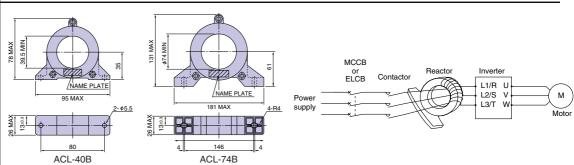


braking resistors.

				Dim	nalan-	[mama]		
Voltage	Туре	Fig.	w	W1	nsions	H1	D	Mass [kg]
400V	DB0.75-4		***	***	310	295		1.3
series	DB2.2-4	A	64	_			67	2.0
	DB3.7-4				470	455	•	1.7
	DB5.5-4				470	455		4.5
	DB7.5-4	В	142	74	520	495	67	5.0
	DB11-4							6.9
	DB15-4				430	415	400	6.9
	DB18.5-4	С	142	74		405	160	8.7
	DB22-4				510	495		8.7
	DB30-4C						140	11
	DB37-4C	D	420	388	660	628		14
	DB45-4C	U	420	300			240	19
	DB55-4C				750	718		21
	DB75-4C		550	520			440	26
	DB110-4C		550	020				30
	DB132-4C	E	650	620	283	240		41
	DB160-4C	_	750	720				57
	DB200-4C		730	720				43
	DB220-4C *		600	570				74
200V	DB0.75-2		64		310	295	67	1.3
series	DB2.2-2	Α	76	-	345	332	94	2.0
	DB3.7-2				0.0	002		2.0
	DB5.5-2	В	142	90	450	430	67.5	4.5
	DB7.5-2		156	-	390	370	90	5.0
	DB11-2				430	415		6.9
	DB15-2	С	142	74			160	6.9
	DB18.5-2				510	495		8.7
	DB22-2							8.7
	DB30-2C	D					140	10
	DB37-2C		400	368	660	628		13
	DB45-2C						240	18
	DB55-2C				750	718		22
	DB75-2C	E	450	420	283	240	440	35
	DB110-2C	_	550	520				32

Radio noise reducing zero-phase reactor (ACL-40B)(ACL-74B)





necommended wire	toonimended wife 3/20												
Reactor type	Q'ty	No. of turns	Recommended wire size [mm²]										
ACL-40B	1	4	2.0, 3.5, 5.5										
	2	2	8, 14										
ACL-74B	1	4	8, 14										
	2	2	$22, 38, 60, 5.5 \times 2, 8 \times 2, 14 \times 2, 22 \times 2$										
	4	1	100, 150, 200, 250, 325, $38 \times 2$ , $60 \times 2$ , $100 \times 2$ , $150 \times 2$										

# Option cards and other options

Name (type)	Function	Specifications
Relay output card (OPC-G11S-RY)	<ul> <li>Includes four relay output circuits.</li> <li>Converts transistor output signals from inverter control output terminals Y1 to Y4 to relay (SPDT) output signals.</li> </ul>	
Digital I/O interface card (OPC-G11S-DIO)	<ul> <li>For setting frequency using a binary code.</li> <li>For monitoring frequency, output current, and output voltage using a binary code.</li> <li>For input and output of other individual signals.</li> </ul>	
Analog I/O interface card (OPC-G11S-AIO)	<ul> <li>For setting a torque limit value using an input analog signal.</li> <li>For input of auxiliary signal to set frequency.</li> <li>For analog monitoring of inverter output frequency, output current, and torque.</li> </ul>	
T-link interface card (OPC-G11S-TL)	<ul> <li>For setting a frequency.</li> <li>For setting, reading, and storing function data for function codes.</li> <li>For setting operation commands (FWD, REV, RST, etc.).</li> <li>For monitoring the operation status.</li> <li>For reading trip information.</li> </ul>	Used together with MICREX-F series PLC.
Open bus card	It is an optional card conforming to various open buses. The following operation can be made from the personal computer and PLC.  • Setting of running frequency • Setting of operation command (FWD,REV,RST,etc.) • Setting/reading of data code of each function code • Monitoring running frequency and operation status	Correspondent bus  PROFIBUS-DP DeviceNet Modbus Plus Interbus-S CAN open  Option type  OPC-G11S-PDP OPC-G11S-DEV OPC-G11S-MBP OPC-G11S-IBS OPC-G11S-COP
RS-232C communication adaptor (OPC-G11S-PC)	The RS-232C communication can be done by connecting it to the keypad panel on the main body of the inverter.	
Personal computer loader	<ul> <li>The operation status monitoring and the parameter setting can be made through the inverter's RS-485 interface from the host personal computer.</li> <li>The parameter can be read and written collectively or individually.</li> <li>Comparison of two arbitrary parameters.</li> <li>Monitor of output frequency, output current, and operation status of inverter.</li> <li>Monitor of alarm history and operation information on alarm.</li> </ul>	Communication Physical level: EIA-RS-485 The number of units connected : Maximum 31 inverters Synchronous method : start-stop synchronization Transmission method: half duplex
PG feedback card (OPC-G11S-PG)	For performing PG vector control using feedback signals obtained from a PG.	Applicable Pulse Encoder specification: • 100 to 3000P/R • A, B, Z phase • 12V or 15V
PG feedback card (OPC-G11S-PG2)	For performing PG vector control using feedback signals obtained from a PG.	Applicable Pulse Encoder specification: • 100 to 3000P/R • A, B, Z phase • 5V
Synchronized operation card (OPC-G11S-SY)	Speed control by pulse train input can be made.	Applicable Pulse Encoder specification: • 20 to 3000P/R • A, B, Z phase • 12V or 15V
Extension cable for keypad panel (CBIII-10R-	Connects the keypad panel to an inverter unit. Three cable types are available: straight 2m, curled	Type Nominal length Maximum length
	1m, and curled 2m. The curled 1m cable can be extended up to 5m, and the curled 2m cable up to 10m.	CBIII-10R-2S         2m         2m           CBIII-10R-1C         1m         5m
	Note: Cables once extended to the maximum length do not return to their original length.	CBIII-10R-2C 2m 10m
IP20 enclosure adapter (P20G11-□□)	Used to put 30kW or larger models to change its enclosure of IP00 into that of IP20.	Type Applicable inverter type P20G11-30 FRN30G11S-4JE.2JE P20G11-55 FRN30F11S-4JE.2JE to FRN37F11S-4JE.2JE P20G11-55 FRN36F11S-4JE to FRN55G11S-4JE FRN37G11S-4JE to FRN55G11S-2JE FRN37G11S-4JE P20G11-75-4 FRN37G11S-2JE to FRN55G11S-2JE FRN37G11S-2JE to FRN55G11S-2JE P20G11-75-2 FRN75G11S-2JE, FRN90F11S-2JE P20G11-110 FRN30G11S-4JE to FRN10G11S-4JE P20G11-160 FRN132G11S-4JE to FRN10G11S-4JE FRN132G11S-4JE to FRN10G11S-4JE FRN132G11S-4JE to FRN20DF11S-4JE FRN132G11S-4JE to FRN20DF11S-4JE FRN90G11S-4JE FRN20G11S-4JE to FRN20DF11S-4JE FRN90G11S-2JE FRN20G11S-4JE to FRN20DF11S-4JE FRN10F11S-2JE FRN110F11S-2JE FRN131SF11S-4JE to FRN315G11S-4JE FRN315F11S-4JE to FRN315G11S-4JE FRN315F11S-4JE to FRN315G11S-4JE FRN315F11S-4JE to FRN315G11S-4JE FRN315F11S-4JE to FRN315G11S-4JE
Mounting adapter for external cooling (PBG11-□□)	Used to put the cooling fan section of the inverter outside the panel. Only applicable to 22kW and below inverters. (30kW and above inverters can be modified to external cooling type by replacing the mounting bracket, as standard.)	P20G11-400 FRN315G11S-4JE to FRN400G11S-4JE FRN450P11S-4JE to FRN400P11S-4JE to FRN500P11S-4JE Type Applicable inverter type PBG11-0.75 FRN0.4G11S-4JE to FRN0.75G11S-4JE FRN0.2G11S-2JE to FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-4JE to FRN3.7G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-4JE to FRN3.7G11S-2JE FRN5.5G11S-4JE to FRN5.7G11S-4JE to FRN5.5P11S-4JE, 2JE to FRN12G11S-4JE, 2JE FRN5.5P11S-4JE, 2JE to FRN22G11S-4JE, 2JE FRN15P11-4JE, 2JE to FRN22P11S-4JE, 2JE
Panel-mount adapter (MAG9-□□)	Used to put an FRN-G11S inverter to be mounted in panel holes that were used to mount an FVR-G7S inverter.	Type Applicable inverter type  MAG9-3.7 FRN0.4G11S-4JE to FRN3.7G11S-4JE  MAG9-7.5 FRN5.5G11S-4JE to FRN7.5G11S-4JE  FRN5.5G11S-4JE to FRN7.5G11S-4JE  MAG9-22 FRN11G11S-4JE to FRN22G11S-4JE  FRN11G11S-4JE to FRN22G11S-4JE  FRN11G11S-4JE to FRN22G11S-4JE
Keypad panel for Chinese language	Used to display the LCD screen in Chinese language	Display language: Chinese, English, Japanese



# Wiring equipment

	Nominal	Inverte	er type	MCCB o		Magnet	ic contact	tor (MC)		Recor	nmended		(mm²)	
Power supply	applied			Rated cu	ırrent (A)	MC1 for in	put circuit	MC2 for	Input [L1/R,L2	circuit		circuit /.W]	DCR	DB
voltage	motor (kW)	G11S series	P11S series	With DCR	Without reactor	With DCR	Without reactor	output circuit	With DCR	Without	G11S	P11S	circuit [P1,P(+)]	circuit [P(+),DB,N(-)
Three-	0.4	FRN0.4G11S-4JE			5									
phase	0.75	FRN0.75G11S-4JE		5	3									
400V	1.5	FRN1.5G11S-4JE	_	5	10		SC-05			2.0		_		
	2.2	FRN2.2G11S-4JE			15	SC-05		SC-05	2.0		2.0		2.0	
	3.7	FRN3.7G11S-4JE		10	20	30-03			2.0		2.0			
	5.5	FRN5.5G11S-4JE	FRN5.5P11S-4JE	15	30		SC-4-0							
	7.5	FRN7.5G11S-4JE	FRN7.5P11S-4JE	20	40		SC-5-1			3.5		2.0		
	11	FRN11G11S-4JE	FRN11P11S-4JE	30	50		SC-N1	SC-4-0		5.5				2.0
	15	FRN15G11S-4JE	FRN15P11S-4JE	40	60	SC-5-1	00 111	SC-5-1	3.5	8.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	
	18.5	FRN18.5G11S-4JE	FRN18.5P11S-4JE		75	SC-N1	SC-N2	SC-N1	5.5	14	5.5	5.5	5.5	
	22	FRN22G11S-4JE	FRN22P11S-4JE	50	100		SC-N2S				8.0	0.0	8.0	
	30	FRN30G11S-4JE	FRN30P11S-4JE	75	125	SC-N2	SC-N3	SC-N2	8.0	22	14	14	14	
	37	FRN37G11S-4JE	FRN37P11S-4JE	100		SC-N2S	SC-N4	SC-N2S	14				22	
	45	FRN45G11S-4JE	FRN45P11S-4JE		150	SC-N3		SC-N3	22	38	22	22		
	55	FRN55G11S-4JE	FRN55P11S-4JE	125	200		SC-N5	SC-N4		60	38	38	38	
	75	FRN75G11S-4JE	FRN75P11S-4JE	175		SC-N4		SC-N5	38		60	60	60	
	90	FRN90G11S-4JE	FRN90P11S-4JE	200		SC-N7		SC-N7	60				100	3.5
	110	FRN110G11S-4JE	FRN110P11S-4JE	250				SC-N8			100	100	100	5.5
	132	FRN132G11S-4JE	FRN132P11S-4JE	300		SC-N8			100				150	
	160	FRN160G11S-4JE	FRN160P11S-4JE	350		SC-N11		SC-N11	150		150	150		8.0
	200	FRN200G11S-4JE	FRN200P11S-4JE	500	_	SC-N12	_	SC-N12		_	200	200	250	
	220	FRN220G11S-4JE	FRN220P11S-4JE						200					14
	280	FRN280G11S-4JE	FRN280P11S-4JE	600					250		150×2	325	400	
	315	FRN315G11S-4JE	FRN315P11S-4JE	700		SC-N14		SC-N14	150×2			150×2	*	*
	355	FRN355G11S-4JE	FRN355P11S-4JE	800				00.1110	200×2		200×2	200×2	-	
	400	FRN400G11S-4JE	FRN400P11S-4JE	1000		SC-N16		SC-N16			250×2	250×2		
	450		FRN450P11S-4JE					_	250×2		_		-	
	500	FRN500G11S-4JE	FRN500P11S-4JE	1200					325×2			325×2		
	630	FRN630G11S-4JE	FRN630P11S-4JE					(	Contact Fuj	i.				
	710	——————————————————————————————————————	FRN710P11S-4JE				1							
Three-	0.2	FRN0.2G11S-2JE				1								
phase	0.4			_	5									
2001/		FRN0.4G11S-2JE		5		_	SC 05			2.0				
200V	0.75	FRN0.75G11S-2JE	_	5	10	00.05	SC-05	SC-05		2.0	2.0	_		
200V	1.5	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE	_	5 10	10 15	SC-05	SC-05	SC-05	2.0	2.0	2.0	_	2.0	
200V	1.5 2.2	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE	_	10	10 15 20	SC-05		SC-05	2.0	-	2.0	_	2.0	
200V	1.5 2.2 3.7	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE FRN3.7G11S-2JE		10	10 15 20 30	SC-05	SC-5-1		2.0	3.5		_	2.0	
200V	1.5 2.2	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE	FRN5.5P11S-2JE	10	10 15 20	SC-05		SC-4-0	2.0	-	3.5	2.0	2.0	
200V	1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE FRN3.7G11S-2JE FRN5.5G11S-2JE	FRN7.5P11S-2JE	10	10 15 20 30	SC-05	SC-5-1		2.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	2.0	2.0
200V	1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE FRN3.7G11S-2JE FRN5.5G11S-2JE FRN7.5G11S-2JE	FRN7.5P11S-2JE —	10 20 30 40	10 15 20 30 50 75	SC-5-1	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2	SC-4-0	3.5	3.5 5.5 8.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	2.0
200V	1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE FRN3.7G11S-2JE FRN5.5G11S-2JE FRN7.5G11S-2JE FRN11G11S-2JE	FRN7.5P11S-2JE — FRN11P11S-2JE	10 20 30 40 50	10 15 20 30 50 75	SC-5-1 SC-N1	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S	SC-4-0 SC-5-1 SC-N1	3.5	3.5 5.5 8.0	3.5	3.5 — 5.5	3.5	2.0
200V	1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE FRN3.7G11S-2JE FRN5.5G11S-2JE FRN7.5G11S-2JE FRN11G11S-2JE FRN15G11S-2JE	FRN7.5P11S-2JE  FRN11P11S-2JE  FRN15P11S-2JE	10 20 30 40	10 15 20 30 50 75 100	SC-5-1	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3	SC-4-0 SC-5-1	3.5	3.5 5.5 8.0	3.5 — 3.5 8.0	3.5	3.5	2.0
200V	1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE FRN3.7G11S-2JE FRN5.5G11S-2JE FRN7.5G11S-2JE FRN11G11S-2JE FRN15G11S-2JE	FRN7.5P11S-2JE  FRN11P11S-2JE FRN15P11S-2JE FRN18.5P11S-2JE	10 20 30 40 50 75	10 15 20 30 50 75	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S	SC-4-0 SC-5-1 SC-N1	3.5 5.5 8.0	3.5 5.5 8.0 14 22	3.5 — 3.5	3.5 — 5.5	3.5	2.0
200V	1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE FRN3.7G11S-2JE FRN5.5G11S-2JE FRN7.5G11S-2JE FRN11G11S-2JE FRN15G11S-2JE FRN18.5G11S-2JE	FRN7.5P11S-2JE  FRN11P11S-2JE  FRN15P11S-2JE	10 20 30 40 50	10 15 20 30 50 75 100	SC-5-1 SC-N1	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3	SC-4-0 SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S	3.5	3.5 5.5 8.0	3.5 — 3.5 8.0 14 —	3.5 — 5.5 8.0	3.5	2.0
200V	1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5 11 15 18.5	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE FRN3.7G11S-2JE FRN5.5G11S-2JE FRN7.5G11S-2JE FRN11G11S-2JE FRN15G11S-2JE FRN18.5G11S-2JE FRN18.5G11S-2JE FRN18.5G11S-2JE	FRN7.5P11S-2JE  FRN11P11S-2JE  FRN15P11S-2JE  FRN18.5P11S-2JE  FRN22P11S-2JE  —	10 20 30 40 50 75	10 15 20 30 50 75 100 125 150	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3 SC-N4 SC-N5	SC-4-0 SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3	3.5 5.5 8.0	3.5 5.5 8.0 14 22	3.5 — 3.5 8.0 14 — 14	3.5 — 5.5 8.0	3.5 8.0 14 22	2.0
200V	1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5 11 15 18.5	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE FRN3.7G11S-2JE FRN5.5G11S-2JE FRN7.5G11S-2JE FRN11G11S-2JE FRN15G11S-2JE FRN15G11S-2JE FRN18.5G11S-2JE FRN22G11S-2JE FRN22G11S-2JE FRN30G11S-2JE	FRN7.5P11S-2JE	10 20 30 40 50 75	10 15 20 30 50 75 100 125 150	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3 SC-N4	SC-4-0 SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S	3.5 5.5 8.0	3.5 5.5 8.0 14 22	3.5 — 3.5 8.0 14 —	3.5 — 5.5 8.0	3.5	2.0
200V	1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5 11 15 18.5	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE FRN5.5G11S-2JE FRN7.5G11S-2JE FRN11G11S-2JE FRN11G11S-2JE FRN15G11S-2JE FRN18.5G11S-2JE FRN18.5G11S-2JE FRN22G11S-2JE FRN22G11S-2JE FRN30G11S-2JE	FRN7.5P11S-2JE  FRN11P11S-2JE  FRN15P11S-2JE  FRN18.5P11S-2JE  FRN22P11S-2JE  —	10 20 30 40 50 75	10 15 20 30 50 75 100 125 150	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3 SC-N4 SC-N5	SC-4-0 SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3	3.5 5.5 8.0	3.5 5.5 8.0 14 22 38	3.5 — 3.5 8.0 14 — 14 38 —	3.5 — 5.5 8.0 14 —	3.5 8.0 14 22	2.0
200V	1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5 11 15 18.5 22 30	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE FRN5.5G11S-2JE FRN7.5G11S-2JE FRN7.5G11S-2JE FRN11G11S-2JE FRN15G11S-2JE FRN15G11S-2JE FRN15G11S-2JE FRN22G11S-2JE FRN22G11S-2JE FRN30G11S-2JE FRN37G11S-2JE	FRN7.5P11S-2JE	10 20 30 40 50 75 100 150	10 15 20 30 50 75 100 125 150 175 200	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N4 SC-N5	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3 SC-N4 SC-N5	SC-4-0 SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3 SC-N4 SC-N5	3.5 5.5 8.0 14	3.5 5.5 8.0 14 22 38	3.5 — 3.5 8.0 14 — 14 38 — 38	3.5 — 5.5 8.0 14 — 38	3.5 8.0 14 22 38	
200V	1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5 11 15 18.5 22 30	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE FRN5.5G11S-2JE FRN7.5G11S-2JE FRN11G11S-2JE FRN11G11S-2JE FRN15G11S-2JE FRN18.5G11S-2JE FRN18.5G11S-2JE FRN22G11S-2JE FRN22G11S-2JE FRN30G11S-2JE	FRN7.5P11S-2JE	10 20 30 40 50 75 100 150 175 200	10 15 20 30 50 75 100 125 150 175	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N4 SC-N5 SC-N7	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3 SC-N4 SC-N5 SC-N7	SC-4-0 SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3 SC-N4	3.5 5.5 8.0	3.5 5.5 8.0 14 22 38	3.5 — 3.5 8.0 14 — 14 38 —	3.5 	3.5 8.0 14 22 38 60	2.0
200V	1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5 11 15 18.5 22 30	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE FRN5.5G11S-2JE FRN7.5G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN11G11S-2JE FRN15G11S-2JE FRN12G11S-2JE FRN22G11S-2JE FRN30G11S-2JE FRN30G11S-2JE FRN37G11S-2JE FRN37G11S-2JE FRN45G11S-2JE	FRN7.5P11S-2JE	10 20 30 40 50 75 100 150	10 15 20 30 50 75 100 125 150 175 200	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N4 SC-N5	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3 SC-N4 SC-N5	SC-4-0 SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3 SC-N4 SC-N5	3.5 5.5 8.0 14	3.5 5.5 8.0 14 22 38	3.5 	3.5 — 5.5 8.0 14 — 38	3.5 8.0 14 22 38	3.5
200V	1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5 11 15 18.5 22 30 37 45	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE FRN5.5G11S-2JE FRN7.5G11S-2JE FRN7.5G11S-2JE FRN11G11S-2JE FRN15G11S-2JE FRN15G11S-2JE FRN15G11S-2JE FRN22G11S-2JE FRN22G11S-2JE FRN30G11S-2JE FRN37G11S-2JE	FRN7.5P11S-2JE  FRN11P11S-2JE FRN15P11S-2JE FRN22P11S-2JE FRN30P11S-2JE FRN37P11S-2JE FRN45P11S-2JE FRN45P11S-2JE FRN55P11S-2JE	10 20 30 40 50 75 100 150 175 200	10 15 20 30 50 75 100 125 150 175 200 250	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N4 SC-N5 SC-N7	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3 SC-N4 SC-N5 SC-N7	SC-4-0 SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3 SC-N4 SC-N5 SC-N7	3.5 5.5 8.0 14 38 60	3.5 5.5 8.0 14 22 38	3.5 — 3.5 8.0 14 — 14 38 — 38	3.5 	3.5 8.0 14 22 38 60	
200V	1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5 11 15 18.5 22 30 37 45	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE FRN3.7G11S-2JE FRN5.5G11S-2JE FRN7.5G11S-2JE FRN11G11S-2JE FRN18.5G11S-2JE FRN22G11S-2JE FRN22G11S-2JE FRN30G11S-2JE FRN37G11S-2JE FRN37G11S-2JE FRN37G11S-2JE FRN45G11S-2JE FRN55G11S-2JE FRN55G11S-2JE	FRN7.5P11S-2JE	10 20 30 40 50 75 100 150 175 200	10 15 20 30 50 75 100 125 150 175 200 250	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N4 SC-N5 SC-N7 SC-N8	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3 SC-N4 SC-N5 SC-N7	SC-4-0 SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3 SC-N4 SC-N5	3.5 5.5 8.0 14 38 60 100	3.5 5.5 8.0 14 22 38	3.5 	3.5 	3.5 8.0 14 22 38 60	3.5
200V	1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5 11 15 18.5 22 30 37 45 55	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE FRN5.5G11S-2JE FRN7.5G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN11G11S-2JE FRN15G11S-2JE FRN12G11S-2JE FRN22G11S-2JE FRN30G11S-2JE FRN30G11S-2JE FRN37G11S-2JE FRN37G11S-2JE FRN45G11S-2JE	FRN7.5P11S-2JE	10 20 30 40 50 75 100 150 175 200 250	10 15 20 30 50 75 100 125 150 175 200 250	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N4 SC-N5 SC-N7	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3 SC-N4 SC-N5 SC-N7	SC-4-0 SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3 SC-N4 SC-N5 SC-N7 SC-N8	3.5 5.5 8.0 14 38 60	3.5 5.5 8.0 14 22 38	3.5 	3.5 	3.5 8.0 14 22 38 60	3.5
200V	1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5 11 15 18.5 22 30 37 45	FRN0.75G11S-2JE FRN1.5G11S-2JE FRN2.2G11S-2JE FRN3.7G11S-2JE FRN5.5G11S-2JE FRN7.5G11S-2JE FRN15G11S-2JE FRN15G11S-2JE FRN18.5G11S-2JE FRN22G11S-2JE FRN30G11S-2JE FRN37G11S-2JE FRN37G11S-2JE FRN55G11S-2JE FRN55G11S-2JE FRN55G11S-2JE FRN55G11S-2JE FRN55G11S-2JE FRN55G11S-2JE	FRN7.5P11S-2JE  FRN11P11S-2JE FRN15P11S-2JE FRN22P11S-2JE FRN30P11S-2JE FRN37P11S-2JE FRN45P11S-2JE FRN45P11S-2JE FRN55P11S-2JE	10 20 30 40 50 75 100 150 175 200	10 15 20 30 50 75 100 125 150 175 200 250	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N4 SC-N5 SC-N7 SC-N8	SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3 SC-N4 SC-N5 SC-N7	SC-4-0 SC-5-1 SC-N1 SC-N2 SC-N2S SC-N3 SC-N4 SC-N5 SC-N7	3.5 5.5 8.0 14 38 60 100	3.5 5.5 8.0 14 22 38	3.5 	3.5 	3.5 8.0 14 22 38 60	3.5

## NOTES

- For molded-case circuit breakers (MCCB) and earth-leakage circuit breakers (ELCB), the required frame type and series depend on the facility transformer capacity and other factors. When selecting optimal breakers, refer to the relevant technical data.
- Also select the rated sensitive current of ELCB utilizing the technical data.
- The recommended wire sizes are based on the condition that the temperature inside the panel does not exceeds 50°C.
- The above wires are 600V HIV insulated cables (75°C).
- Data in the above table may differ for different conditions (ambient temperature, power supply voltage, and other factors).

<sup>\*</sup>Contact Fuji Electric FA.

# **An Extensive Lineup Keeps The Fuji Inverter Family Actively Ahead**

Application	Series (Cat. No.)	Features
	Compact inverter FRENIC-Mini (MEH441)	<ul> <li>Easy to operate as frequency setting POT is provided as standard.</li> <li>Equipped with supreme automatic torque boost, current limiting function and slip compensation function for traverse carriers.</li> <li>Equipped with supreme automatic energy-saving operation function and PID control function for fans &amp; pumps.</li> </ul>
	Inverter for fans & pumps FRENIC-ECO (MEH442)	<ul> <li>Specially developed for variable torque loads such as fans &amp; pumps.</li> <li>Equipped with a newly systemized automatic energy-saving, PID control, lifetime alarm and line/inverter operation changeover sequence functions, etc.</li> <li>Perfect for air conditioners, fans &amp; pumps that were previously difficult to consider for use with an general-purpose inverter because of costs and functions.</li> </ul>
For general	High-performance, compact inverter  FRENIC-Multi  (MEH652 for JE) (MEH653 for EN)	<ul> <li>Designed for prolonged use (10 years) and complied with RoHS Directive to enhance its friendliness toward the environment. (Production lot of autumn 2005 or later)</li> <li>Handles all applications due to an extended capacity range, ample variations in product types and excellent maintainability.</li> <li>Provided with the functions of contact-stoppage operation, brake signal, torque limiting, and current limiting that are essential for traverse and transfer carriers.</li> </ul>
machines	High-performance, multi-function inverter FRENIC 5000G11S (MEH403 for JE) (MEH413 for EN)	<ul> <li>Achieved starting torque of 200% at 0.5Hz, with our unique dynamic torque vector control system.</li> <li>Fully replete with useful functions like auto tuning.</li> <li>A wide variation from 0.2 to 630kW (compact and enclosed type for 22kW or smaller).</li> </ul>
	Inverter for fans & pumps FRENIC 5000P11S (MEH403)	<ul> <li>Appropriate for equipment such as fans &amp; pumps.</li> <li>Provides effortless energy-saving operation because of its automatic energy-saving function.</li> <li>Easy operation as interactive keypad is provided as standard.</li> </ul>
	High-performance, vector control inverter FRENIC 5000VG7S (MEH405)	<ul> <li>A highly accurate inverter that quickly provides control responses and has stable torque characteristics.</li> <li>Can be used in a wide range of general industry systems as its extensive functions and a variety of options.</li> <li>Vector control operation of general-purpose motors thanks to the auto tuning function.</li> </ul>
For machine tools	Spindle drive system for machine tools FRENIC 5000MS5 (MEH391)	<ul> <li>The converter separation structure enabling the configuration of multiaxial systems.</li> <li>Free combinations such as torque vector/high-performance vector control or dynamic braking/power regeneration.</li> <li>Supports multiple processing of machine tools due to extensive option functions.</li> </ul>



Input voltage		Capacity range (applicable motor capacity [kW]) 0.1   0.2   0.4   0.75   1.5   2.2   3.7   5.5   7.5   11   15   18.5   22   30   37   45   55   75   90   110   132   160   200   220   280   315   355   400   450   500   560   630																															
class	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110	132	160	200	220	280	315	355	400	450	500	560	630	71
Three-phase 200V	0.1						3.7																										
Three-phase 400V	0.1		0.4	-	-	-	3.7																								_		
	0.1		0.1	1	-	2.2	0.7																								_		
Single-phase 100V	0.1			0.75																											$\dashv$		
Three-phase 200V				0.75													55	75		110													
Three-phase 400V				0.75		-	_				-	_	-			_	55			110											560		
Single-phase 200V				0.70													00	75													000		
Single-phase 100V																															_		
J-p																															$\perp$		
Three-phase 200V	0.1										15																				_		
Three-phase 400V			0.4	-	_	_					15	_																			_		_
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Single-phase 100V																																	
Olligio pliado 1004																																	
Three-phase 200V				0.75												45																	



## To all our customers who purchase Fuji Electric FA Components & Systems' products:

## Please take the following items into consideration when placing your order.

When requesting an estimate and placing your orders for the products included in these materials, please be aware that any items such as specifications which are not specifically mentioned in the contract, catalog, specifications or other materials will be as mentioned below.

In addition, the products included in these materials are limited in the use they are put to and the place where they can be used, etc., and may require periodic inspection. Please confirm these points with your sales representative or directly with this company.

Furthermore, regarding purchased products and delivered products, we request that you take adequate consideration of the necessity of rapid receiving inspections and of product management and maintenance even before receiving your products.

#### 1. Free of Charge Warranty Period and Warranty Range

#### 1-1 Free of charge warranty period

- (1) The product warranty period is "1 year from the date of purchase" or 18 months from the manufacturing date imprinted on the name place, whichever date is earlier.
- (2) However, in cases where the use environment, conditions of use, use frequency and times used, etc., have an effect on product life, this warranty period may not apply.
- (3) Furthermore, the warranty period for parts restored by Fuji Electric's Service Department is "6 months from the date that repairs are completed."

## 1-2 Warranty range

- (1) In the event that breakdown occurs during the product's warranty period which is the responsibility of Fuji Electric, Fuji Electric will replace or repair the part of the product that has broken down free of charge at the place where the product was purchased or where it was delivered. However, if the following cases are applicable, the terms of this warranty may not apply.
  - 1) The breakdown was caused by inappropriate conditions, environment, handling or use methods, etc. which are not specified in the catalog, operation manual, specifications or other relevant documents.
  - 2) The breakdown was caused by the product other than the purchased or delivered Fuji's product.
  - The breakdown was caused by the product other than Fuji's product, such as the customer's equipment or software design, etc.
  - 4) Concerning the Fuji's programmable products, the breakdown was caused by a program other than a program supplied by this company, or the results from using such a program.
  - 5) The breakdown was caused by modifications or repairs affected by a party other than Fuji Electric.
  - 6) The breakdown was caused by improper maintenance or replacement using consumables, etc. specified in the operation manual or catalog, etc.
  - 7) The breakdown was caused by a chemical or technical problem that was not foreseen when making practical application of the product at the time it was purchased or delivered.
  - 8) The product was not used in the manner the product was originally intended to be used.
  - 9) The breakdown was caused by a reason which is not this company's responsibility, such as lightning or other disaster.
- (2) Furthermore, the warranty specified herein shall be limited to the purchased or delivered product alone.
- (3) The upper limit for the warranty range shall be as specified in item (1) above and any damages (damage to or loss of machinery or equipment, or lost profits from the same, etc.) consequent to or resulting from breakdown of the purchased or delivered product shall be excluded from coverage by this warranty.

## 1-3. Trouble diagnosis

As a rule, the customer is requested to carry out a preliminary trouble diagnosis. However, at the customer's request, this company or its service network can perform the trouble diagnosis on a chargeable basis. In this case, the customer is asked to assume the burden for charges levied in accordance with this company's fee schedule.

## 2. Exclusion of Liability for Loss of Opportunity, etc.

Regardless of whether a breakdown occurs during or after the free of charge warranty period, this company shall not be liable for any loss of opportunity, loss of profits, or damages arising from special circumstances, secondary damages, accident compensation to another company, or damages to products other than this company's products, whether foreseen or not by this company, which this company is not be responsible for causing.

## 3. Repair Period after Production Stop, Spare Parts Supply Period (Holding Period)

Concerning models (products) which have gone out of production, this company will perform repairs for a period of 7 years after production stop, counting from the month and year when the production stop occurs. In addition, we will continue to supply the spare parts required for repairs for a period of 7 years, counting from the month and year when the production stop occurs. However, if it is estimated that the life cycle of certain electronic and other parts is short and it will be difficult to procure or produce those parts, there may be cases where it is difficult to provide repairs or supply spare parts even within this 7-year period. For details, please confirm at our company's business office or our service office.

## 4. Transfer Rights

In the case of standard products which do not include settings or adjustments in an application program, the products shall be transported to and transferred to the customer and this company shall not be responsible for local adjustments or trial operation.

## 5. Service Contents

The cost of purchased and delivered products does not include the cost of dispatching engineers or service costs. Depending on the request, these can be discussed separately.

## 6. Applicable Scope of Service

The above contents shall be assumed to apply to transactions and use of this company's products within the nation of Japan. Please discuss transactions and use outside Japan separately with the local supplier where you purchased the products, or with this company.







## In running general-purpose motors

## Driving a 400V general-purpose motor

When driving a 400V general-purpose motor with an inverter, damage to the insulation of the motor may occur. Use an output circuit filter (OFL) if necessary after checking with the motor manufacturer. Fuji's motors do not require the use of output circuit filters because of their reinforced insulation.

• Torque characteristics and temperature rise When the inverter is used to run a general-purpose motor, the temperature of the motor becomes higher than when it is operated using a commercial power supply. In the low-speed range, the cooling effect will be weakened, so decrease the output torque of the motor. If constant torque is required in the low-speed range, use a Fuji inverter motor or a motor equipped with an externally powered ventilating fan.

#### Vibration

Use of an inverter does not increase vibration of a general-purpose motor, but when the motor is mounted to a machine, resonance may be caused by the natural frequencies, including that of the machine system.

- \* The use of a rubber coupling or vibration dampening rubber is recommended.
- \* It is also recommended to use the inverter jump frequency control to avoid resonance points.

  Note that operation of a 2-pole motor at 60Hz or more may cause abnormal vibration.

#### • Noise

When an inverter is used with a general-purpose motor, the motor noise level is higher than that with a commercial power supply. To reduce noise, raise carrier frequency of the inverter. High-speed operation at 60Hz or more can also result in more noise.

## In running special motors

#### Explosion-proof motors

When driving an explosion-proof motor with an inverter, use a combination of a motor and an inverter that has been approved in advance. Such approved products are available in our special product series. Contact Fuji Electric FA for details.

## • Submersible motors and pumps

These motors have a larger rated current than general-purpose motors. Select an inverter whose rated output current is greater than that of the motor. These motors differ from general-purpose motors in thermal characteristics. Set a low value in the thermal time constant of the motor when setting the electronic thermal facility.

## Brake motors

For motors equipped with parallel-connected brakes, their braking power must be supplied from the inverter input side (the primary circuit). If the brake power is connected to the inverter power output side (the secondary circuit) by mistake, problems may occur. Do not use inverters for driving motors equipped with series-connected brakes.

## Geared motors

If the power transmission mechanism uses an oillubricated gearbox or speed changer/reducer, then continuous motor operation at low speed may cause poor lubrication. Avoid such operation.

## Synchronous motors

It is necessary to use software suitable for this motor type. Contact Fuji Electric FA for details.

Single-phase motors

Single-phase motors are not suitable for inverterdriven variable speed operation. Use three-phase motors.

\* Even if a single-phase power supply is available, use a three-phase motor as the inverter provides three-phase output.

#### **Environmental conditions**

## • Installation location

Use the inverter in a location with an ambient temperature range of -10 to 50°C.

The inverter heat sinks and braking resistor surfaces become hot under certain operating conditions. Install the inverter on nonflammable material such as metal. Ensure that the installation location meets the environmental conditions specified in "Environment" in Common specifications on page 11. For inverters of 22kW or smaller, remove the ventilation covers when operating it at a temperature of 40°C or higher.

## Combination with peripheral devices

#### Installing a molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) or earth leakage circuit breaker (ELCB)

Install a recommended molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) or an earth leakage circuit breaker (ELCB) (with the exception of those exclusively designed for protection from ground faults) in the primary circuit of the inverter to protect the wiring. Ensure that the circuit breaker capacity is equivalent to or lower than the recommended capacity.

#### Installing a magnetic contactor (MC) on the inverter power output side (the secondary circuit)

If a magnetic contactor (MC) is mounted on the inverter power output side (the secondary circuit) for switching the motor to commercial power or for any other purpose, turn the MC on or off while both the inverter and the motor are fully stopped.

Remove the surge suppressor integrated with the MC. For switching operation from/to commercial power supply, use of newly developed "Line/inverter changeover operation" function using terminals such as SW88, SW52-2, SW52-1, SW50, is recommended.

## Installing a magnetic contactor (MC) on the inverter input side (the primary circuit) Do not turn the magnetic contactor (MC) on the

Do not turn the magnetic contactor (MC) on the inverter input side (the primary circuit) on or off more than once an hour as an inverter fault may result. If frequent starts or stops are required during motor operation, use FWD/REV signals.

## • Protecting the motor

When driving a motor with an inverter, the electronic thermal facility of the inverter can protect the motor. The operation level and the motor type (general-purpose motor, inverter motor) should be set. For high-speed motors or water-cooled motors, set a small value for the thermal time constant to protect the motor, in combination with the "cooling system OFF" signal.

When driving several motors with an inverter, connect a thermal relay to each motor and turn on the inverter's electronic thermal relay facility.

If you connect the motor thermal relay to the motor with a long cable, a high-frequency current may flow into the wiring stray capacitance. This may cause the relay to trip at a current lower than the set value for the thermal relay. If this happens, lower the carrier frequency or use the output circuit filter (OFL).

 Discontinuance of power-factor correcting capacitor
 Do not mount power-factor correcting capacitors in the inverter primary circuit. (Use the DC REACTOR to improve the inverter power-factor.) Do not use power-factor correcting capacitors in the inverter output circuit. An overcurrent trip will occur, disabling motor operation.

#### Discontinuance of surge killer

Do not mount surge killers in the inverter secondary circuit.

## Reducing noise

Use of a filter and shielded wires are typical measures against noise to ensure that EMC Directives are met. Refer to Appendices, App. A "Advantageous Use of Inverters (Notes on electrical noise)" for details.

## · Measures against surge currents

If an overvoltage trip occurs while the inverter is stopped or operated under a light load, it is assumed that the surge current is generated by open/close of the phase-advancing capacitor in the power system. \* Connect a DC REACTOR to the inverter.

#### Megger test

When checking the insulation resistance of the inverter, use a 500V megger and follow the instructions contained in the FRN-G11S/P11S Instruction Manual.

#### Wiring

## · Control circuit wiring length

When using remote control, limit the wiring length between the inverter and operator box to 20m or less and use twisted shielded cable.

## • Wiring length between inverter and motor

If long wiring is used between the inverter and the motor, the inverter will overheat or trip as a result of overcurrent (high-frequency current flowing into the stray capacitance) in the wires connected to the phases. Ensure that the wiring is shorter than 50m for 3.7kW or less, and shorter than 100m for 5.5kW or more. If this length must be exceeded, lower the carrier frequency or mount an output circuit filter (OFL).

When wiring is longer than 50m, and Dynamic torquevector control or vector with PG is selected, execute off-line auto-tuning.

## • Wiring size

Select cables with a sufficient capacity by referring to the current value or recommended wire size.

## Wiring type

Do not use multicore cables.

## Grounding

Securely ground the inverter using the grounding terminal.

## Selecting inverter capacity

## Driving general-purpose motor

Select an inverter according to the applicable motor ratings listed in the standard specifications table for the inverter. When high starting torque is required or quick acceleration or deceleration is required, select an inverter with a capacity one size greater than the standard.

## Driving special motors

Select an inverter that meets the following condition: Inverter rated current > Motor rated current

## Transportation and storage

When transporting or storing inverters or inverters while mounted on machines, follow the procedures and select locations that meet the environmental conditions listed in the FRN-G11S/P11S Instruction Manual.

## Fuji Electric FA Components & Systems Co., Ltd.

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